

TO ALL READERS,
This paper has a Daily, Tri-Weekly and
Weekly circulation. Blame it that of any other
in Minnesota, and therefore receives judi-
cials to advertise, which they will not find
elsewhere.

UNION PRESIDENTIAL TICKET
1864.

FOR PRESIDENT:
ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
of Illinois.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ANDREW JOHNSON,
of Tennessee.

Union County Convention.

A Convention of delegates from the Union voters of Hennepin County (including the election of Glendale, etc.) was held at Minneapolis, the 1st day of August, at 2 p.m., for the purpose of selecting nine delegates to the Union State Convention to be held at the inauguration of Presidential Electors and to present, judges, and other delegates to the Union District Convention for the nomination of a candidate for Congress.

For the purpose of this Convention, the various Ward and Township Presidents will be entitled to send their delegations to the convention, except those which will have two.

The primary meetings for the election of said delegates will meet at the usual place of holding elections on Saturday, the 3d inst., at 3 p.m., and the election will be held at 3 p.m.

Wards &c. &c.

By order of the Union County Central Committee.

GEO. W. MCGOWAN.

Chairman.

THE PRESENT STATE OF HUN-
GARY.

On Monday evening last there arrived at Minneapolis, a gentleman often disreputably spoken of as Bill King, and who a few years ago had considerably difficulty in borrowing money enough to pay his expenses to Washington, but now the elegant and eminent member of the Congressional Post Office, the Rochester (N.Y.) *Democrat*, of the Minneapolis *Atlas*, of several members of Congress, of large stocks of whisky, and of several other large and lucrative institutions which pay handsome dividends on the slight investment of time and skill which he can afford to devote to each of them.

It was one of the latest and most pregnant sayings of this distinguished gentleman, and strikingly illustrative of his character that "he had made so much money out of whisky during the past winter, that he did not care a d—n for those cusses"—meaning the old friends who had heretofore stood by him.

It was inferred from this that he was going to desert Minnesota and run the State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

The sudden appearance of this gentleman at Minneapolis spread consternation among the people of his Hennepin County estate, who during his absence had perhaps, but had not yet been able to sympathetically understand to manage his own affairs. He at once resolved upon a bold stroke to rebuke and punish their insolent interference. He resolved to sell them out at wholesale and forthwith.

Accordingly, on Tuesday he sent for Hon. Ignatius Donnelly, who went upon the afternoon train and held a lengthy interview with King at the office of the *Minneapolis Atlas*. The result of this interview was an agreement between Mr. Donnelly and Mr. King, the main stipulations of which on the part of Mr. Donnelly, are as yet secret. In an open postscript to the secret arrangement, however, he pledged himself to surrender the entire control of the patronage and politics of Hennepin County into the hands of Mr. King, and that Gov. Ramsey's friends should be excluded from any voice in either; while in consideration of this and the other pledges of a confidential character, Mr. King agreed to bring down a straight Donnelly delegation to the District Convention—and that Mr. Albrecht should withdraw from the canvass in his favor, and publish a card in the *Atlas* to that effect.

Having thus formally and summarily disposed of Albrecht and sold out the people of Hennepin County, Mr. King proceeded to induce for the *Atlas* a concise statement of this interesting and comprehensive transaction, marking in finishing his composition that he had "not yet consulted the *Colony*" about the card referred to, but was perfectly sure he would get it.

He might also have remarked with equal truth and ironical pugnacity that he had not consulted the people of Hennepin County about their votes—but was perfectly sure that he carried them also in his breeches pockets and that there was no earthly reason why he should not use his own property to the best advantage, whether in the political or whisky market, or his own individual and special benefit.

The above is a succinct and accurate history so far as it has transpired, of this remarkable sale of Hennepin county, of the main particulars of which we challenge denial. And here is the figurative and diplomatic way in which the transaction is reported in the *Atlas*.

Declines.

New York, July 25, 1864.

W. A. Newell, Esq., Editor *Atlas*. I venture to the last issue of the *Atlas*, I notice that you have presented my name as the choice of the Republicans of this county as their candidate for Congress at the approaching Convention. While I am profoundly grateful for this expression of friendship from those who have been my warmest supporters, I have so long evaded and shunned every effort to merit it, in accordance with a resolution long since formed, decline to accept the position you have assigned me—that of a candidate for Congress.

Thanking you for the very kind and complimentary manner in which you have pleased to present my name to the public.

I remain your friend,

CYRUS ALBRECHT.

By the above card it will be seen that Col.

THE SAINT PAUL PRESS.

SAINT PAUL, FRIDAY, JULY 29, 1864.

NUMBER 175.

VOLUME IV.

LATEST NEWS.
By Telegraph.The New Rebel Raid a
Humbug.Our Forces Occupy Mar-
tinsburg.INTELLIGENCE OF GREAT
INTEREST FROM GRANT.NOT ALLOWED TO BE MADE
PUBLIC.Guerrilla War in Missouri, Ar-
kansas and Kentucky.The Great Copper-
head Plot.To Stop the War and Organ-
ize a Western Con-
federacy.

FROM SHENANDOAH VALLEY

NEW YORK, July 27.

Commercial Special says the War Department says that the raid is a humbug.

WASHINGTON, July 27.

[*Special to Evening Post.*] Advances from the Upper Potowmack report that some of our forces entered Martinsburg.

Cavalry skirmishing had occurred at Wil-

lamsport. It is untrue that the rebels

occupy Frederick or Hagerstown.

BALTIMORE, July 27.

Harper's Ferry is still in our possession. There has been no attack on that point as yet. The rebels are believed not to have entered Maryland yet. A scout who left Martinsburg at 7 o'clock last night re-crossing at Shepherdstown, arrived there this morning, reports heavy skirmishing at Martinsburg, between Creek and the rebels under Breckinridge on Monday. Up to 5 P.M. our forces fell back to the Potowmack for Williamsport, but rebels evaded no intention of following us. Refugees from Washington and other western counties, were returning to their homes. It was generally supposed that the object of the rebels was to keep our forces out of the Valley while they gathered in the harvest. The rebels are still in our possession.

We regret to learn that Col. Wilken, S. M. Surgeon, L. B. Smith and Lient. Hard, Co. E, 7th Minn., were killed in action.

The entire loss on our side, is estimated at 300, and the rebel loss at 2,500. We have received no official report of the engagement at this city yet; but there is no doubt but Forrest received a decided whipping.

The wounded have been sent to LaGrange.

Yours truly,

E. K. LATHROP,
Chaplain 8th Minn. Inf'y.

Good News—Something Big on
Foot.

A Petersburg correspondent of the

N. Y. *Tribune* says—

We have received no good news here now;—glorying over long will wear it. I wish I had some of your devoted Northern patriots down here, just to show them what was going on here, would go home with a smile on their faces, and with an assurance in their hearts that he could bring gold and Union stock to each of them.

It was one of the latest and most pre-
gnant sayings of this distinguished gentle-
man, and strikingly illustrative of his character that "he had made so much money out of

whisky during the past winter, that he did not care a d—n for those cusses"—meaning the old friends who had heretofore stood by him.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

State of New York; but the sequel shows that no post up Utica contracts his powers, and that he can manage New York, Washington, Minnesota, and the wharf-yards at the same time, without the least difficulty.

It was inferred from this that he was

going to desert Minnesota and run the

The Saint Paul Press.

EVERYDAY, TWICE-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

SHERMAN.

The Great Battle of Friday, the 20th.
Further Particulars of the Victory.

A comparison of the friends of Imperial freedom who embrace the principles of Gorham at the platform adopted by the recent Baltimore Convention, with respect to the suppression of rebellion, the extirpation of slaves on the nation, and its prohibition in the future.

A comparison of any movement of any

movement to overthrow republican

institutions upon this continent, and who will

also sustain by voice and vote Abolitionists

and Anti-slavery men as the standard

causes and representatives of the principles

during the pending political canvass, are invited to meet by delegates at Ingersoll's Hall, St. Paul on Wednesday, the 11th instant four

conventions to be supported for Presidential

Electors and three for Judges of the Supreme

Court.

The following has been fixed as the proper

appointment of delegates:

W. L. WILSON, Chairman, 3 Miles Lane,

Geo. W. M. MCGOWAN, 4 Main Street,

A. G. MCINTYRE, 5 Nicollet Avenue,

J. W. PRINGLE, 6 Nicollet Avenue,

D. S. CLARK, 7 Nicollet Avenue,

H. FLETCHER, 8 Nicollet Avenue,

W. M. MORIN, 9 Nicollet Avenue,

J. T. WILLIAMS, 10 Nicollet Avenue,

St. Paul Central Committee.

Second Congressional District Union Convention.

The Union Electors of the Second Congressional District of the State of Minnesota, who endorse the terms of the call for the Union State Convention, are requested to meet in Delegate Convention, at Ingersoll's Hall in Saint Paul, on Tuesday, the 11th instant, at 10 o'clock, a.m., and elect eleven delegates, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Representative in Congress from this district. The delegates have been appointed as follows:

A. G. MCINTYRE, 3 Miles Lane,

Geo. W. M. MCGOWAN, 4 Main Street,

J. W. PRINGLE, 5 Nicollet Avenue,

D. S. CLARK, 6 Nicollet Avenue,

H. FLETCHER, 7 Nicollet Avenue,

W. M. MORIN, 8 Nicollet Avenue,

J. T. WILLIAMS, 9 Nicollet Avenue,

St. Paul Central Committee.

FROM ARKANSAS.

The Rebel Conscription—Killing and Murder.

Lafayetteville, Ark., July 16, 1864.

Editors of the Press:

Enclosed I send a copy, *rebutting* of *Letters* of a document, which speaks officially upon the rebel conscription and bushwhacking, now practised in this State. There are several "comparative and equal" war here, besides those named. The result of which is theft and murder particularly; and extreme suffering, generally, by the inhabitants.

Major Galloway, First Arkansas Cavalry, (loyal) went out with about 200 men for a scout, last Saturday night, and returned yesterday with every man safe. He had a fight with the rebels some sixteen miles West of this town. He captured twenty-five horses and mules, three prisoners. Killed several rebels, besides the Major. Major Pickler, of the latter, were found the original instructions from General Shultz, which are now in my possession. Also other documents. The Major's horse, equipments, compass, fieldlass and uniform coat were also brought in. One shot bringing him from his horse, he offered to surrender. But the men exclaimed, "Remember Monk!"—Captain Monk, (First Arkansas Cavalry) when on a scout a few weeks since, was overpowered, and a Sergeant with himself being mortally wounded, told his men to leave them, and make good their retreat to this town. Afterwards a party went to recover the bodies, which were found at last, except each had received an additional fatal shot. Pickler was an old Missouri, born companion of Quantrell.

In haste,

M. S. GOSWELL.

HEADQUARTERS SULLIVAN'S BRIGADE, Fayetteville, Ark., May 27, 1864.

Major Pickler, with Captain Rusk, Robinson, Roberts and Johnson, will march with their commands to North West Arkansas, and there recruit their commands. Major Pickler will allow the different company commanders to proceed to different counties in said section above mentioned, for the purpose of recruiting their companies full. They will gather every man between the ages of sixteen and fifty to enter the service.

Major Pickler will report once a week their progress, and all the information he may glean.

Major Pickler and the above-mentioned officers, with their commands, will report to these Headquarters within forty days from this date. All unorganized companies and squads now operating in North West Arkansas, and not attached to any regular regiment or battalion, will report to Major Pickler for duty.

You will cause to be arrested all persons, Southern or Union, who may be jawhawking, or who have committed depredations on Southern people, and when the proof is sufficient to condemn them, you will cause them to be shot. You will subdue and force your commands, giving proper vouchers for everything purchased.

By command of

B. H. McARTHUR, Capt. J. SHEDD.

W. J. McARTHUR, Capt. and A. A. G.

Lieut. John A. Reed has been promoted to the captaincy of Company B.

Brackett's Battalion: M. T. Fall to the

First Lieutenant; and Geo. S. Con-

verse to the Second Lieutenant of the

same company.

The charge swept along to the right,

striking General's division after.

Ward's division had advanced half a mile, and had just marched his troops to the top of a ridge, when the rebel columns were thrown on him with terrible violence.

The 3rd New Jersey, which was thrown

into the rear, completely whipped

Gen. Ward's division was com-

pletely triumphed with mus-

ket.

The charge swept along to the right,

striking General's division after.

Ward's division had advanced half a mile, and had just marched his troops to the top of a ridge, when the rebel columns were

thrown on him with terrible violence.

The 3rd New Jersey, which was thrown

into the rear, completely whipped

Gen. Ward's division was com-

pletely triumphed with mus-

ket.

The charge swept along to the right,

striking General's division after.

Ward's division had advanced half a mile, and had just marched his troops to the top of a ridge, when the rebel columns were

thrown on him with terrible violence.

The 3rd New Jersey, which was thrown

into the rear, completely whipped

Gen. Ward's division was com-

pletely triumphed with mus-

ket.

The charge swept along to the right,

striking General's division after.

Ward's division had advanced half a mile, and had just marched his troops to the top of a ridge, when the rebel columns were

thrown on him with terrible violence.

The 3rd New Jersey, which was thrown

into the rear, completely whipped

Gen. Ward's division was com-

pletely triumphed with mus-

ket.

The charge swept along to the right,

striking General's division after.

Ward's division had advanced half a mile, and had just marched his troops to the top of a ridge, when the rebel columns were

thrown on him with terrible violence.

The 3rd New Jersey, which was thrown

into the rear, completely whipped

Gen. Ward's division was com-

pletely triumphed with mus-

ket.

The charge swept along to the right,

striking General's division after.

Ward's division had advanced half a mile, and had just marched his troops to the top of a ridge, when the rebel columns were

thrown on him with terrible violence.

The 3rd New Jersey, which was thrown

into the rear, completely whipped

Gen. Ward's division was com-

pletely triumphed with mus-

ket.

The charge swept along to the right,

striking General's division after.

Ward's division had advanced half a mile, and had just marched his troops to the top of a ridge, when the rebel columns were

thrown on him with terrible violence.

The 3rd New Jersey, which was thrown

into the rear, completely whipped

Gen. Ward's division was com-

pletely triumphed with mus-

ket.

The charge swept along to the right,

striking General's division after.

Ward's division had advanced half a mile, and had just marched his troops to the top of a ridge, when the rebel columns were

thrown on him with terrible violence.

The 3rd New Jersey, which was thrown

into the rear, completely whipped

Gen. Ward's division was com-

pletely triumphed with mus-

ket.

The charge swept along to the right,

striking General's division after.

Ward's division had advanced half a mile, and had just marched his troops to the top of a ridge, when the rebel columns were

thrown on him with terrible violence.

The 3rd New Jersey, which was thrown

into the rear, completely whipped

Gen. Ward's division was com-

pletely triumphed with mus-

ket.

The charge swept along to the right,

striking General's division after.

Ward's division had advanced half a mile, and had just marched his troops to the top of a ridge, when the rebel columns were

thrown on him with terrible violence.

The 3rd New Jersey, which was thrown

into the rear, completely whipped

Gen. Ward's division was com-

pletely triumphed with mus-

ket.

The charge swept along to the right,

striking General's division after.

Ward's division had advanced half a mile, and had just marched his troops to the top of a ridge, when the rebel columns were

thrown on him with terrible violence.

The 3rd New Jersey, which was thrown

into the rear, completely whipped

Gen. Ward's division was com-

pletely triumphed with mus-

ket.

The charge swept along to the right,

striking General's division after.

Ward's division had advanced half a mile, and had just marched his troops to the top of a ridge, when the rebel columns were

thrown on him with terrible violence.

The 3rd New Jersey, which was thrown

into the rear, completely whipped

Gen. Ward's division was com-

pletely triumphed with mus-

ket.

The charge swept along to the right,

striking General's division after.

Ward's division had advanced half a mile, and had just marched his troops to the top of a ridge, when the rebel columns were

thrown on him with terrible violence.

The 3rd New Jersey, which was thrown

into the rear, completely whipped

Gen. Ward's division was com-

pletely triumphed with mus-

ket.

The charge swept along to the right,

striking General's division after.

Ward's division had advanced half a mile, and had just marched his troops to the top of a ridge, when the rebel columns were

thrown on him with terrible violence.

The 3rd New Jersey, which was thrown

into the rear, completely whipped

Gen. Ward's division was com-

pletely triumphed with mus-</div

TO ADVERTISERS.
This paper has a Daily, Tri-Weekly and
Weekly circulation double that of any other
in Minnesota, and therefore presents induc-
ments to advertisers which they will not find
elsewhere.

UNION PRESIDENTIAL TICKET
1864.

FOR PRESIDENT:
ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ANDREW JOHNSON,
OF TENNESSEE.

Union County Convention.
A convention of delegates from the Union
voters of Ramsey County favorable to the election
of Lincoln and Johnson, will be held at the Court
House, on Tuesday, the 21st, at 10 A.M., for the
purpose of selecting a slate of candidates
to the Union State Convention for the
nomination of Presidential Electors and the
protection of the Union. Delegates and
delegates to the Union District
Committee for the nomination of a candidate
for Congress.

For the purposes of this convention, the various
wards of the City of St. Paul will be entitled to
two delegates each, and the wards which have
no delegates, will have two.

The primary meetings for the selection of said
delegates, will meet at the usual place of holding
elections, on Saturday, the 20th Inst.—in the
various townships at 3 P.M., and in the several
wards at 8 P.M.

By order of the Union County Central Com-
mittee, GEO. W. MOORE,
Chairman.

THE NEWS.

We have at last the roar of battle
from Grant's front. A rebel attack on
Foster's position north of the James was
desperately repulsed on Wednesday. We
carried the rebel entrenchments, took
four guns, and gained an important stra-
tegic position within ten miles of Rich-
mond.

The reports from the Upper Potomac
are very contradictory. The rebels are
in force on that river—and they have dis-
appeared from there. They are crossing
at Williamsport, and Gen. Wright is pur-
suing them beyond Martinsburg—which
place we hold and don't hold.

The rebels, as usual, are alternately in
small force and in overwhelming num-
bers. The latest report is, that they are
crossing into Maryland at the upper fords,
with 40,000 men—which smacks of fish-

hook. Hood has made several feeble attempts
on Sherman's lines, which were easily re-
pulsed. Considering the big victory which
Hood won the other day—he ought to be
doing better than that.

THE TWO GREAT BATTLES IN
FOR ATLANTA.

The stringency in the typographical
market for a few days past, by preventing
any editorial comments on the news, has,
we are afraid, led to some confusion as
to the historical order of some of the cur-
rent events announced in our telegraphic
columns in the minds of those of our
readers have not time to follow closely
the developments of our various cam-
paigns.

Thus we find our contemporary down-
street, who depends chiefly upon the
Press for an intelligent elucidation of
military events, gravely confounding the
battle of Peach Tree Creek on Wednes-
day, the 20th, when Hood's desperate at-
tack on Sherman's right wing was so
magnificently repulsed by Hooker and
Newton, with the battle of Friday follow-
ing, when Hood made a still more des-
perate and determined assault on Sher-
man's left, and was still more decisively
repulsed by McPherson and his division
commanders, Logan and Blair. It was
in this fight of the 22d that McPherson
was killed.

On the intervening Thursday there was
no general engagement, but considerable
skirmishing, as the result of which the
rebels were driven from the defenses out-
side of their main works.

In both battles of Wednesday and Fri-
day we inflicted a loss on the enemy esti-
mated at not less than 12,000 or 13,000
men, while we suffered a total loss of
probably 4,500, though it is stated semi-
officially at 3,500.

This is rather a dismal inauguration
of Hood's command, and will serve to
convince the rebels that the reckless dar-
ing and desperate onslaught of the new
General avails as little against the vic-
tories legions of Sherman, as did Johns-
ton's Fabian policy of refusing battle
against the cool and pertinacious strategy
of their leader.

The result of these two grand battles
seems to be that we possess the outer de-
fenses of Atlanta, that our siege guns
command a portion of the city, and that
we are gradually investing the city on all
sides with entrenched lines.

In the meantime we hold the railroads
running east from Atlanta to Augusta, while
Rosse's brilliant cavalry raid, of which we have given full details, has struck
a disastrous blow to the rebel communica-
tion between Atlanta and the South-
west. But our railroad is now left
by which nearly all the rebels are
running north to Macon and
connecting with an East and West line
running to Charleston—but off in the
direction of Montgomery and Mobile, by
Rosse.

This railroad—the Macon & Western, it is called—we may expect to hear
at any time has also been cut, and tempor-
arily destroyed by another raiding party
which is understood to have been sent
out for that purpose.

This will have the effect to prevent
Hood's army getting away from Atlanta
with its stores and material of war—and
it will so embarrass his retreat that
he cannot escape without another battle
or series of them, the result of which could
hardly fail with his inferiority of force,
to be extremely disastrous to the
army and the rebel cause.

The situation at Atlanta may then be
regarded as far more favorable for a de-
cisive issue of the campaign than if our
forces had seized an abandoned and
empty Atlanta on the heels of a retreat-
ing rebel army.

The substitution of the fighting Hood

THE SAINT PAUL PRESS.

SAINT PAUL, SATURDAY, JULY 30, 1864.

NUMBER 176.

VOLUME IV.

LATEST NEWS. By Telegraph.

Conflicting Rumors From Maryland.

The Grasshopper Invasion at the
Settlements.

TERRIBLE DESTRUCTION OF THE
CROPS.

From the Northwest, July 13.

THE INTERNATIONAL.

The steamer International has beyond
a doubt made her last trip to the Settle-
ment this summer; it is to be regretted
that she should be her last one for the
season of 1864. Long before she steamed to
Fort Garry, on the 1st of May, the river
was open to navigation, and despite
the dryness of the season, the water was
now more than a mile from the shore, and
had made several trips up to that time. She
experienced no difficulty in the run to the
Settlement, and earlier in the season the
navigation was of course still better, but
with the difficulty which has so frequently
occurred in the river, and the season being
so dry, she has been unable to get another
trip up to the Settlement.

PEACE PROPOSITIONS.

A very important article appeared
yesterday in an obscure corner of our
paper, and may have been overlooked by
our readers, being an extract from James
R. Gilmore's (Edmund Kirk's) letter to
the Boston Transcript, giving the re-
sults of his recent interview with Jeff
Davis. Davis told him that the
Confederates were for the nomination of a candidate
for Congress.

For the purposes of this Convention, the vari-
ous Wards of the City of St. Paul will be entitled to
two delegates each, and the wards which have
no delegates, will have two.

The primary meetings for the selection of said
delegates, will meet at the usual place of holding
elections, on Saturday, the 20th Inst.—in the
various townships at 3 P.M., and in the several
wards at 8 P.M.

Wards to be entitled to two delegates each,
and the wards which have no delegates, will have two.

The owners of the boat, Harris, Bent-
ley & Co., will, we fear sustain considerable
loss by the derangement of their plans.

They had, we understand made excellent
arrangements for the removal of their
business with the Settlement. For the
Hudson's Bay Company alone, they con-
tracted to carry some hundreds of tons of
goods yearly, and for the settlers, they
would have freighted a great deal,
and were to receive a large sum for
fertilizing the soil.

The grasshoppers.

Just when the long-wished for rains
have begun copiously to fall, and the
galling crops to revive and to cheer our
hearts with the prospect of at least a suffi-
cient supply of food, our rising hope has
suddenly given way to despair—Slavery or
no Slavery—which does not involve as its
first condition the recognition of the
Southern Confederacy.

This is the rebel ultimatum. No other
will be listened to for a moment—no other
has ever been proposed by them.

The rebel emissaries at Niagara Falls,
who through the agency of J. Cornell
Jewett and Greeley, demanded to be put
on a level with the President of the United
States, and to negotiate with him per-
sonally for peace—did not even
pretend to be authorized to treat for
peace in any terms whatever.

Until the news of the Confederates can
show that the rebels are willing to accept
any peace on any terms than the recogni-
tion of the Southern Confederacy, they
will hardly make much political capital
out of these pretended peace overtures of
Sauls and his rebel confederates.

But while the rebels have made no
offer of peace the rebels of the absolute
recognition of the Southern Confederacy, we
have to Sanders, Jewett and Greeley per-
sonally for peace, did not pretend to offer
any thing less than this—did not even
pretend to be authorized to treat for
peace in any terms whatever.

The rebels are for independence, and
they are crossing at Williamsport, and Gen. Wright is pur-
suing them beyond Martinsburg—which
place we hold and don't hold.

The rebels, as usual, are alternately in
small force and in overwhelming num-
bers. The latest report is, that they are
crossing into Maryland at the upper fords,
with 40,000 men—which smacks of fish-

hook. Hood has made several feeble attempts
on Sherman's lines, which were easily re-
pulsed. Considering the big victory which
Hood won the other day—he ought to be
doing better than that.

PEACE PROPOSITIONS.

A very important article appeared
yesterday in an obscure corner of our
paper, and may have been overlooked by
our readers, being an extract from James
R. Gilmore's (Edmund Kirk's) letter to
the Boston Transcript, giving the re-
sults of his recent interview with Jeff
Davis. Davis told him that the
Confederates were for the nomination of a candidate
for Congress.

For the purposes of this Convention, the vari-
ous Wards of the City of St. Paul will be entitled to
two delegates each, and the wards which have
no delegates, will have two.

The primary meetings for the selection of said
delegates, will meet at the usual place of holding
elections, on Saturday, the 20th Inst.—in the
various townships at 3 P.M., and in the several
wards at 8 P.M.

Wards to be entitled to two delegates each,
and the wards which have no delegates, will have two.

The owners of the boat, Harris, Bent-
ley & Co., will, we fear sustain considerable
loss by the derangement of their plans.

They had, we understand made excellent
arrangements for the removal of their
business with the Settlement. For the
Hudson's Bay Company alone, they con-
tracted to carry some hundreds of tons of
goods yearly, and for the settlers, they
would have freighted a great deal,
and were to receive a large sum for
fertilizing the soil.

The grasshoppers.

Just when the long-wished for rains
have begun copiously to fall, and the
galling crops to revive and to cheer our
hearts with the prospect of at least a suffi-
cient supply of food, our rising hope has
suddenly given way to despair—Slavery or
no Slavery—which does not involve as its
first condition the recognition of the
Southern Confederacy.

This is the rebel ultimatum. No other
will be listened to for a moment—no other
has ever been proposed by them.

The rebel emissaries at Niagara Falls,
who through the agency of J. Cornell
Jewett and Greeley, demanded to be put
on a level with the President of the United
States, and to negotiate with him per-
sonally for peace—did not even
pretend to be authorized to treat for
peace in any terms whatever.

But while the rebels have made no
offer of peace the rebels of the absolute
recognition of the Southern Confederacy, we
have to Sanders, Jewett and Greeley per-
sonally for peace, did not pretend to offer
any thing less than this—did not even
pretend to be authorized to treat for
peace in any terms whatever.

The rebels are for independence, and
they are crossing at Williamsport, and Gen. Wright is pur-
suing them beyond Martinsburg—which
place we hold and don't hold.

The rebels, as usual, are alternately in
small force and in overwhelming num-
bers. The latest report is, that they are
crossing into Maryland at the upper fords,
with 40,000 men—which smacks of fish-

hook. Hood has made several feeble attempts
on Sherman's lines, which were easily re-
pulsed. Considering the big victory which
Hood won the other day—he ought to be
doing better than that.

PEACE PROPOSITIONS.

A very important article appeared
yesterday in an obscure corner of our
paper, and may have been overlooked by
our readers, being an extract from James
R. Gilmore's (Edmund Kirk's) letter to
the Boston Transcript, giving the re-
sults of his recent interview with Jeff
Davis. Davis told him that the
Confederates were for the nomination of a candidate
for Congress.

For the purposes of this Convention, the vari-
ous Wards of the City of St. Paul will be entitled to
two delegates each, and the wards which have
no delegates, will have two.

The primary meetings for the selection of said
delegates, will meet at the usual place of holding
elections, on Saturday, the 20th Inst.—in the
various townships at 3 P.M., and in the several
wards at 8 P.M.

Wards to be entitled to two delegates each,
and the wards which have no delegates, will have two.

The owners of the boat, Harris, Bent-
ley & Co., will, we fear sustain considerable
loss by the derangement of their plans.

They had, we understand made excellent
arrangements for the removal of their
business with the Settlement. For the
Hudson's Bay Company alone, they con-
tracted to carry some hundreds of tons of
goods yearly, and for the settlers, they
would have freighted a great deal,
and were to receive a large sum for
fertilizing the soil.

The grasshoppers.

Just when the long-wished for rains
have begun copiously to fall, and the
galling crops to revive and to cheer our
hearts with the prospect of at least a suffi-
cient supply of food, our rising hope has
suddenly given way to despair—Slavery or
no Slavery—which does not involve as its
first condition the recognition of the
Southern Confederacy.

This is the rebel ultimatum. No other
will be listened to for a moment—no other
has ever been proposed by them.

The rebel emissaries at Niagara Falls,
who through the agency of J. Cornell
Jewett and Greeley, demanded to be put
on a level with the President of the United
States, and to negotiate with him per-
sonally for peace—did not even
pretend to be authorized to treat for
peace in any terms whatever.

But while the rebels have made no
offer of peace the rebels of the absolute
recognition of the Southern Confederacy, we
have to Sanders, Jewett and Greeley per-
sonally for peace, did not pretend to offer
any thing less than this—did not even
pretend to be authorized to treat for
peace in any terms whatever.

The rebels are for independence, and
they are crossing at Williamsport, and Gen. Wright is pur-
suing them beyond Martinsburg—which
place we hold and don't hold.

The rebels, as usual, are alternately in
small force and in overwhelming num-
bers. The latest report is, that they are
crossing into Maryland at the upper fords,
with 40,000 men—which smacks of fish-

hook. Hood has made several feeble attempts
on Sherman's lines, which were easily re-
pulsed. Considering the big victory which
Hood won the other day—he ought to be
doing better than that.

PEACE PROPOSITIONS.

A very important article appeared
yesterday in an obscure corner of our
paper, and may have been overlooked by
our readers, being an extract from James
R. Gilmore's (Edmund Kirk's) letter to
the Boston Transcript, giving the re-
sults of his recent interview with Jeff
Davis. Davis told him that the
Confederates were for the nomination of a candidate
for Congress.

For the purposes of this Convention, the vari-
ous Wards of the City of St. Paul will be entitled to
two delegates each, and the wards which have
no delegates, will have two.

The primary meetings for the selection of said
delegates, will meet at the usual place of holding
elections, on Saturday, the 20th Inst.—in the
various townships at 3 P.M., and in the several
wards at 8 P.M.

Wards to be entitled to two delegates each,
and the wards which have no delegates, will have two.

The owners of the boat, Harris, Bent-
ley & Co., will, we fear sustain considerable
loss by the derangement of their plans.

They had, we understand made excellent
arrangements for the removal of their
business with the Settlement. For the
Hudson's Bay Company alone, they con-
tracted to carry some hundreds of tons of
goods yearly, and for the settlers, they
would have freighted a great deal,
and were to receive a large sum for
fertilizing the soil.

The grasshoppers.

Just when the long-wished for rains
have begun copiously to fall, and the
galling crops to revive and to cheer our
hearts with the prospect of at least a suffi-
cient supply of food, our rising hope has
suddenly given way to despair—Slavery or
no Slavery—which does not involve as its
first condition the recognition of the

COMPOSERS WANTED.
Six or seven good composers are wanted at this office. We pay

32 cents per thousand—
at which composers can earn from \$18 to \$20 per week, according to their expenses in the business—or from \$1000 to \$1500 per year.

Very ordinary composers, at these figures, can earn the average salary of the more eloquent and learned clergymen in this city, and more than the wages of the best clerks in business houses—while a good one can earn an amount exceeding the pay of a captain in the army—or equal to the highest salaries paid for any civil, or professional service in the state.

Legislative District Union Convention.—4th District.

The Union electors of the Fourth Legislative District of the State of Minnesota, are requested to meet in delegated Convention, at the County of Anoka, on Wednesday the 28th day of August next, at noon o'clock A.M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Senator and a candidate for Representative. The Legislature of said State has delegated most of its local residents of the counties to which they are accredited, and were appointed at the last annual Convention as follows:

Anoka..... 1. J. A. Smith.
Isanti..... 2. S. H. Stuebs.
Hennepin East..... 3. H. M. Lee.
Hennepin West..... 4. J. B. Giffillan,
F. M. Stowell,
F. E. Bellamy,
C. C. B. Bishop,
O. B. Stuebs.
District Committee.

Dated July 23, 1864.

THE CITY.

OUR QUOTA.

Shall it be raised.

Recruiting goes on slowly—mainly for the reason that outside places are overburdened for men.

Some different plan of action will have to be adopted, or we will never get our quota filled. It is plain as day that we must offer as much as any other district to stand an even chance, and in order to do up the thing surely and quickly, 'twere better to outbid them \$5 or \$10.

The funds raised will not allow us to offer so much. Then the bounty fund must be doubled if necessary.

How can this be done? By the same plan that the rural sub-districts are enabled to outbid us. A gentleman in our city overheard yesterday a conversation between two men from a town up the river. One said, "We made every man in our town give \$20." Some refused, but we threatened them—(this was said in a low tone, not heard by our informant)—and not one of them dared back down. Some men said we would afford it. But we told them, "you will only give fifteen dollars labor at \$2 per day." Can't you afford this better than to draft for a year? That's the way we raised our fund."

Now we must fight the devil with fire.

Not by any blow-heating, extorting or threats, but by bringing an irresistible pressure to bear on every man who can raise \$25 to buy a bond with. By a vigorous effort, \$8,000 or \$10,000 can be raised in that way.

It is a shame that Saint Paul, which pays one-sixth of the taxes of the State, should be outbid by one-horse country towns right here at home. We have the wealth to rule the recruit market, and should do it, or else we will see all the men absorbed by those outside sub-districts, and a draft take place after all, which may draw the very men who have made the sacrifice to avoid.

Let the City issue three or four hundred \$25 bonds, or even of \$10 denominations. The United States issues \$50's, and it should not be above our dignity to issue smaller amounts. Then let committees get our poll lists and compel every man to take one of some amount. They can better afford, hard as times are, to sink the amount, ought, than to be drafted, if they are so circumstanced as to be unable to go. And if they have to sell their bond, they can get 75 or 80 cents for it at any time, thus losing only one-fourth the amount subscribed.

Now we must put our recruiting on a practical and successful footing, or let it drop now, at once, and use the amount raised to support the families of drafted men. If we go on with it, let us make business of it; secure the men at the best terms we can, and fill our quota.

One of the two things should be done at once. At the rate we are going on, we will not fill our quota until our school boys are old men, and is rapidly becoming farce, and we the laughing stock of country districts, whose agents are buying St. Paul men for their quotas, right under our noses.

LOCAL NOTICES.

WOMEN! WOMEN!!—MOTHERS SAVE YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children from Wombs where lives might be lost. Mothers and Children, \$1000 to \$10,000, will surely kill and exert them on your children. Children will eat them as readily as candy. For Coughs, Colds, & nose, Shudder, Composers, Cough Lozenges, the most pleasant and effectual remedy discovered.

For sale by Dr. D. B. EDWARD H. BIGGS,
Agent for Paul, Minn.

METROPOLITAN HALL.—Spring Chickens, Broth, Trousers, Cloaks, Steaks, &c. every day at 10 o'clock, in our saloon above the Bridge. The goods to be offered are staple, embracing Prints, Sheetings, Satins, Cassimeres, &c.

Passengers by the Prairie du Chien and Dubuque line will leave on the G. II Gray daily and connect with the boat to Prescott.

LOCAL NOTICES.

WOMEN! WOMEN!!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children from Wombs where lives might be lost. Mothers and Children, \$1000 to \$10,000, will surely kill and exert them on your children. Children will eat them as readily as candy. For Coughs, Colds, & nose, Shudder, Composers, Cough Lozenges, the most pleasant and effectual remedy discovered.

For sale by Dr. D. B. EDWARD H. BIGGS,
Agent for Paul, Minn.

METROPOLITAN HALL.—Spring Chickens, Broth, Trousers, Cloaks, Steaks, &c. every day at 10 o'clock, in our saloon above the Bridge. The goods to be offered are staple, embracing Prints, Sheetings, Satins, Cassimeres, &c.

Passengers by the Prairie du Chien and Dubuque line will leave on the G. II Gray daily and connect with the boat to Prescott.

LOCAL NOTICES.

WOMEN! WOMEN!!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children from Wombs where lives might be lost. Mothers and Children, \$1000 to \$10,000, will surely kill and exert them on your children. Children will eat them as readily as candy. For Coughs, Colds, & nose, Shudder, Composers, Cough Lozenges, the most pleasant and effectual remedy discovered.

For sale by Dr. D. B. EDWARD H. BIGGS,
Agent for Paul, Minn.

METROPOLITAN HALL.—Spring Chickens, Broth, Trousers, Cloaks, Steaks, &c. every day at 10 o'clock, in our saloon above the Bridge. The goods to be offered are staple, embracing Prints, Sheetings, Satins, Cassimeres, &c.

Passengers by the Prairie du Chien and Dubuque line will leave on the G. II Gray daily and connect with the boat to Prescott.

LOCAL NOTICES.

WOMEN! WOMEN!!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children from Wombs where lives might be lost. Mothers and Children, \$1000 to \$10,000, will surely kill and exert them on your children. Children will eat them as readily as candy. For Coughs, Colds, & nose, Shudder, Composers, Cough Lozenges, the most pleasant and effectual remedy discovered.

For sale by Dr. D. B. EDWARD H. BIGGS,
Agent for Paul, Minn.

METROPOLITAN HALL.—Spring Chickens, Broth, Trousers, Cloaks, Steaks, &c. every day at 10 o'clock, in our saloon above the Bridge. The goods to be offered are staple, embracing Prints, Sheetings, Satins, Cassimeres, &c.

Passengers by the Prairie du Chien and Dubuque line will leave on the G. II Gray daily and connect with the boat to Prescott.

LOCAL NOTICES.

WOMEN! WOMEN!!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children from Wombs where lives might be lost. Mothers and Children, \$1000 to \$10,000, will surely kill and exert them on your children. Children will eat them as readily as candy. For Coughs, Colds, & nose, Shudder, Composers, Cough Lozenges, the most pleasant and effectual remedy discovered.

For sale by Dr. D. B. EDWARD H. BIGGS,
Agent for Paul, Minn.

METROPOLITAN HALL.—Spring Chickens, Broth, Trousers, Cloaks, Steaks, &c. every day at 10 o'clock, in our saloon above the Bridge. The goods to be offered are staple, embracing Prints, Sheetings, Satins, Cassimeres, &c.

Passengers by the Prairie du Chien and Dubuque line will leave on the G. II Gray daily and connect with the boat to Prescott.

LOCAL NOTICES.

WOMEN! WOMEN!!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children from Wombs where lives might be lost. Mothers and Children, \$1000 to \$10,000, will surely kill and exert them on your children. Children will eat them as readily as candy. For Coughs, Colds, & nose, Shudder, Composers, Cough Lozenges, the most pleasant and effectual remedy discovered.

For sale by Dr. D. B. EDWARD H. BIGGS,
Agent for Paul, Minn.

METROPOLITAN HALL.—Spring Chickens, Broth, Trousers, Cloaks, Steaks, &c. every day at 10 o'clock, in our saloon above the Bridge. The goods to be offered are staple, embracing Prints, Sheetings, Satins, Cassimeres, &c.

Passengers by the Prairie du Chien and Dubuque line will leave on the G. II Gray daily and connect with the boat to Prescott.

LOCAL NOTICES.

WOMEN! WOMEN!!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children from Wombs where lives might be lost. Mothers and Children, \$1000 to \$10,000, will surely kill and exert them on your children. Children will eat them as readily as candy. For Coughs, Colds, & nose, Shudder, Composers, Cough Lozenges, the most pleasant and effectual remedy discovered.

For sale by Dr. D. B. EDWARD H. BIGGS,
Agent for Paul, Minn.

METROPOLITAN HALL.—Spring Chickens, Broth, Trousers, Cloaks, Steaks, &c. every day at 10 o'clock, in our saloon above the Bridge. The goods to be offered are staple, embracing Prints, Sheetings, Satins, Cassimeres, &c.

Passengers by the Prairie du Chien and Dubuque line will leave on the G. II Gray daily and connect with the boat to Prescott.

LOCAL NOTICES.

WOMEN! WOMEN!!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children from Wombs where lives might be lost. Mothers and Children, \$1000 to \$10,000, will surely kill and exert them on your children. Children will eat them as readily as candy. For Coughs, Colds, & nose, Shudder, Composers, Cough Lozenges, the most pleasant and effectual remedy discovered.

For sale by Dr. D. B. EDWARD H. BIGGS,
Agent for Paul, Minn.

METROPOLITAN HALL.—Spring Chickens, Broth, Trousers, Cloaks, Steaks, &c. every day at 10 o'clock, in our saloon above the Bridge. The goods to be offered are staple, embracing Prints, Sheetings, Satins, Cassimeres, &c.

Passengers by the Prairie du Chien and Dubuque line will leave on the G. II Gray daily and connect with the boat to Prescott.

LOCAL NOTICES.

WOMEN! WOMEN!!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children from Wombs where lives might be lost. Mothers and Children, \$1000 to \$10,000, will surely kill and exert them on your children. Children will eat them as readily as candy. For Coughs, Colds, & nose, Shudder, Composers, Cough Lozenges, the most pleasant and effectual remedy discovered.

For sale by Dr. D. B. EDWARD H. BIGGS,
Agent for Paul, Minn.

METROPOLITAN HALL.—Spring Chickens, Broth, Trousers, Cloaks, Steaks, &c. every day at 10 o'clock, in our saloon above the Bridge. The goods to be offered are staple, embracing Prints, Sheetings, Satins, Cassimeres, &c.

Passengers by the Prairie du Chien and Dubuque line will leave on the G. II Gray daily and connect with the boat to Prescott.

LOCAL NOTICES.

WOMEN! WOMEN!!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children from Wombs where lives might be lost. Mothers and Children, \$1000 to \$10,000, will surely kill and exert them on your children. Children will eat them as readily as candy. For Coughs, Colds, & nose, Shudder, Composers, Cough Lozenges, the most pleasant and effectual remedy discovered.

For sale by Dr. D. B. EDWARD H. BIGGS,
Agent for Paul, Minn.

METROPOLITAN HALL.—Spring Chickens, Broth, Trousers, Cloaks, Steaks, &c. every day at 10 o'clock, in our saloon above the Bridge. The goods to be offered are staple, embracing Prints, Sheetings, Satins, Cassimeres, &c.

Passengers by the Prairie du Chien and Dubuque line will leave on the G. II Gray daily and connect with the boat to Prescott.

LOCAL NOTICES.

WOMEN! WOMEN!!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children from Wombs where lives might be lost. Mothers and Children, \$1000 to \$10,000, will surely kill and exert them on your children. Children will eat them as readily as candy. For Coughs, Colds, & nose, Shudder, Composers, Cough Lozenges, the most pleasant and effectual remedy discovered.

For sale by Dr. D. B. EDWARD H. BIGGS,
Agent for Paul, Minn.

METROPOLITAN HALL.—Spring Chickens, Broth, Trousers, Cloaks, Steaks, &c. every day at 10 o'clock, in our saloon above the Bridge. The goods to be offered are staple, embracing Prints, Sheetings, Satins, Cassimeres, &c.

Passengers by the Prairie du Chien and Dubuque line will leave on the G. II Gray daily and connect with the boat to Prescott.

LOCAL NOTICES.

WOMEN! WOMEN!!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children from Wombs where lives might be lost. Mothers and Children, \$1000 to \$10,000, will surely kill and exert them on your children. Children will eat them as readily as candy. For Coughs, Colds, & nose, Shudder, Composers, Cough Lozenges, the most pleasant and effectual remedy discovered.

For sale by Dr. D. B. EDWARD H. BIGGS,
Agent for Paul, Minn.

METROPOLITAN HALL.—Spring Chickens, Broth, Trousers, Cloaks, Steaks, &c. every day at 10 o'clock, in our saloon above the Bridge. The goods to be offered are staple, embracing Prints, Sheetings, Satins, Cassimeres, &c.

Passengers by the Prairie du Chien and Dubuque line will leave on the G. II Gray daily and connect with the boat to Prescott.

LOCAL NOTICES.

WOMEN! WOMEN!!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children from Wombs where lives might be lost. Mothers and Children, \$1000 to \$10,000, will surely kill and exert them on your children. Children will eat them as readily as candy. For Coughs, Colds, & nose, Shudder, Composers, Cough Lozenges, the most pleasant and effectual remedy discovered.

For sale by Dr. D. B. EDWARD H. BIGGS,
Agent for Paul, Minn.

METROPOLITAN HALL.—Spring Chickens, Broth, Trousers, Cloaks, Steaks, &c. every day at 10 o'clock, in our saloon above the Bridge. The goods to be offered are staple, embracing Prints, Sheetings, Satins, Cassimeres, &c.

Passengers by the Prairie du Chien and Dubuque line will leave on the G. II Gray daily and connect with the boat to Prescott.

LOCAL NOTICES.

WOMEN! WOMEN!!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children from Wombs where lives might be lost. Mothers and Children,

TO ADVERTISERS.

As this paper has a Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation Double that of any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which will not find elsewhere.

UNION PRESIDENTIAL TICKET
1864.

FOR PRESIDENT:
ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
of ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ANDREW JOHNSON,
of TENNESSEE.

Union County Convention.

A Convention of Delegates from the Union County Convention favorable to the election of Lincoln and Johnson, will be held at the Court House, on MONDAY, the 1st of August, at 2 P.M. A list of names and places of residence of the Union State Convention for the nomination of Presidential Electors and Supreme Judges, and delegates to the Union District Convention for the nomination of candidates for Congress.

For the purpose of this Convention, the various Wards of the City of St. Paul will be entitled to five Delegates each, and the several towns, &c., one Delegates each.

The primary meetings for the selection of said Delegates, will meet at the usual places of holding elections, on Saturday, the 30th inst.—in the various townsships at 3 P.M., and in the several Wards at 8 P.M.

By order of the Union County Central Committee,
GEO. W. MOORE,
Chairman.

THE NEWS.

Crus is evidently engaged in some movement of a party serious character. Whether the successful movement of the 6th corps on the north bank of the James, above McFerren Hill, on Wednesday last, means a general advance of his whole Army in that direction, or is merely a feint intended to cover operations in other quarters, is not yet apparent. We cannot, however, have any opposition, for reasons that it is not necessary to repeat, but which will readily occur to the intelligent reader.

If anybody can tell from our pernicious dispatches relative to affairs on the Upper Potomac, where the rebel forces in that quarter are, or what they are doing, we will be sure to let him know. Much seems to be in Maryland with a small force; and we have mystic hints of extensive dispositions made by Gen. Wright to meet the enemy, of which great things are expected, and which we suppose will eventuate.

BATTLE OF TUPELO.

Capt. Sheehan, commanding a detachment of the non-veterans of the Fifth Minnesota and Eighth Wisconsin Veterans, reports to Adjutant General Malmo, the part taken by his command in the battle of July 14. Smith's recent campaign against Forrest. He pays high compliments to the several Minnesota regiments engaged in the fight. His own boys never fought better. He gives a full history of the campaign, which, though we have already had it from other sources, we regret we cannot now find space for. The casualties in his command are reported elsewhere in this paper. Gen. Wright to meet the enemy, of which great things are expected, and which we suppose will eventuate.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE NEW LOAN.

Secretary Fessenden's appeal to the people in reference to the new loan will be found upon another page. It is a document of great interest and should command a prompt support from every patriotic citizen.

The Rich should invest their surplus and the Poor their savings in this new National Loan. Government securities are far safer, and in the end more profitable than any other, even from the low standpoint of pecuniary gain. But in another and more comprehensive sense, the prompt loaning by the people of their money to the Government is not only the surest and safest investment, but it is the only means of safety and security for all other investments. It is to save the basis of all property values, and of all that makes property or life itself safe or valuable.

MILITARY—NO FURLOUGH.

Application having been made by the Adjutant General of the State, to the Prov. Marshal General, that on account of the interesting character of the service, and the difficulty of finding recruits, a special dispensation be granted to the recruits now enlisting for the 11th. Minn. Vol., and after they are mustered into service, the following is received in reply:

Gen. Oscar Malmros, St. Paul.

Washington, July 29, 1864.

In answer to your dispatch of this date, the Secretary of War does not approve of granting furloughs to these men.

J. B. FAY,
St. Paul.

We call attention to Lt. Col. Averill's announcement in our advertising columns, that minors not under eighteen years of age may be enlisted without the consent of their parents or guardians. Those under that age must have such consent.

Dr. A. A. Ames has been appointed Surgeon of the Seventh Regiment, vice L. B. Smith, killed in battle.

Richard Antrover has been appointed Hospital Steward of the same regiment.

Gov. Miller yesterday received a telegram from Ilion, David Blakely, now in Washington, announcing that he had procured credit for three companies of cavalry and one of sharpshooters. He says also, "doubtless Georgia is the best Southern State for Minnesota agents to recruit in."

THE DRAFT.

Exemptions, Commutations, etc., for Week Ending July 30.

Henry Hamper, Glasgow, Wabashaw, lost of sight.

William Stahman, Glasgow, Wabashaw, gibbosity.

Moses Taylor, an eminent merchant of New York, has been appointed assistant Treasurer at New York in place of Mr. Cesco resigned on account of confined health. This appointment is highly recommended by all the New York Journals.

THE DRAFT.

Exemptions, Commutations, etc., for Week Ending July 30.

Henry Hamper, Glasgow, Wabashaw, lost of sight.

William Stahman, Glasgow, Wabashaw, gibbosity.

Mr. Starzman presides.

Post's Washington special says, intelligence direct from Frederick, states a body

THE SAINT PAUL PRESS.

SAINT PAUL, SUNDAY, JULY 31, 1864.

NUMBER 177.

VOLUME IV.

LATEST NEWS.
By Telegraph.

THE UPPER POTOMAC.

WASHINGTON, July 29.

Intelligence from the Upper Potomac to-day confirms our advices of yesterday that the enemy has fallen back from the line of the river. There has been no demonstration during the last twenty-four hours. Whether they have fallen back to Winchester, or even further down the valley, is yet unknown.

HARVEY FERRY, July 29.

[Special to the Tribune.]—The rebels have fallen back, toward Winchester, where it is believed they intend to concentrate and make a stand. It is barely possible the rebels will try their old expedient of making another dash on Washington. It is impossible therefore to predict their future movement, a collision may occur before to-morrow morning.

In spite of all that can be learned from Southern deserters and citizens, the number of the enemy and the composition of his forces are still matters of speculation. Nothing has been heard to-day from Col. Mulligan, Andrew Humphrey and C. Parker are Maj. Generals for Indiana.

OVERAGE.

WUN, Yonker, Crystal Lake, Hennepin, Cornelius Gleeson, Maple Grove, Hennepin, John Dunivan, Maple Grove, Hennepin, John Nelson, Marion, Washington, Herina, John Smith, Benicia, Ceraria, Herina, Matthew Berry, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

William Peters, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

John Bushnell, Highland, Wabashaw, herina.

Carl Steinberg, Eureka, Dakota, varicose veins.

William Mulligan, New Canada, Ramsey, varicose veins.

John W. S. Frost, New Canada, Ramsey, varicose veins.

OVERAGE.

WUN, Yonker, Crystal Lake, Hennepin, Cornelius Gleeson, Maple Grove, Hennepin, John Dunivan, Maple Grove, Hennepin, John Nelson, Marion, Washington, Herina, John Smith, Benicia, Ceraria, Herina, Matthew Berry, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

William Peters, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

John Bushnell, Highland, Wabashaw, herina.

Carl Steinberg, Eureka, Dakota, varicose veins.

William Mulligan, New Canada, Ramsey, varicose veins.

OVERAGE.

WUN, Yonker, Crystal Lake, Hennepin, John Dunivan, Maple Grove, Hennepin, John Nelson, Marion, Washington, Herina, John Smith, Benicia, Ceraria, Herina, Matthew Berry, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

William Peters, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

John Bushnell, Highland, Wabashaw, herina.

Carl Steinberg, Eureka, Dakota, varicose veins.

William Mulligan, New Canada, Ramsey, varicose veins.

OVERAGE.

WUN, Yonker, Crystal Lake, Hennepin, John Dunivan, Maple Grove, Hennepin, John Nelson, Marion, Washington, Herina, John Smith, Benicia, Ceraria, Herina, Matthew Berry, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

William Peters, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

John Bushnell, Highland, Wabashaw, herina.

Carl Steinberg, Eureka, Dakota, varicose veins.

William Mulligan, New Canada, Ramsey, varicose veins.

OVERAGE.

WUN, Yonker, Crystal Lake, Hennepin, John Dunivan, Maple Grove, Hennepin, John Nelson, Marion, Washington, Herina, John Smith, Benicia, Ceraria, Herina, Matthew Berry, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

William Peters, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

John Bushnell, Highland, Wabashaw, herina.

Carl Steinberg, Eureka, Dakota, varicose veins.

William Mulligan, New Canada, Ramsey, varicose veins.

OVERAGE.

WUN, Yonker, Crystal Lake, Hennepin, John Dunivan, Maple Grove, Hennepin, John Nelson, Marion, Washington, Herina, John Smith, Benicia, Ceraria, Herina, Matthew Berry, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

William Peters, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

John Bushnell, Highland, Wabashaw, herina.

Carl Steinberg, Eureka, Dakota, varicose veins.

William Mulligan, New Canada, Ramsey, varicose veins.

OVERAGE.

WUN, Yonker, Crystal Lake, Hennepin, John Dunivan, Maple Grove, Hennepin, John Nelson, Marion, Washington, Herina, John Smith, Benicia, Ceraria, Herina, Matthew Berry, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

William Peters, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

John Bushnell, Highland, Wabashaw, herina.

Carl Steinberg, Eureka, Dakota, varicose veins.

William Mulligan, New Canada, Ramsey, varicose veins.

OVERAGE.

WUN, Yonker, Crystal Lake, Hennepin, John Dunivan, Maple Grove, Hennepin, John Nelson, Marion, Washington, Herina, John Smith, Benicia, Ceraria, Herina, Matthew Berry, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

William Peters, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

John Bushnell, Highland, Wabashaw, herina.

Carl Steinberg, Eureka, Dakota, varicose veins.

William Mulligan, New Canada, Ramsey, varicose veins.

OVERAGE.

WUN, Yonker, Crystal Lake, Hennepin, John Dunivan, Maple Grove, Hennepin, John Nelson, Marion, Washington, Herina, John Smith, Benicia, Ceraria, Herina, Matthew Berry, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

William Peters, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

John Bushnell, Highland, Wabashaw, herina.

Carl Steinberg, Eureka, Dakota, varicose veins.

William Mulligan, New Canada, Ramsey, varicose veins.

OVERAGE.

WUN, Yonker, Crystal Lake, Hennepin, John Dunivan, Maple Grove, Hennepin, John Nelson, Marion, Washington, Herina, John Smith, Benicia, Ceraria, Herina, Matthew Berry, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

William Peters, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

John Bushnell, Highland, Wabashaw, herina.

Carl Steinberg, Eureka, Dakota, varicose veins.

William Mulligan, New Canada, Ramsey, varicose veins.

OVERAGE.

WUN, Yonker, Crystal Lake, Hennepin, John Dunivan, Maple Grove, Hennepin, John Nelson, Marion, Washington, Herina, John Smith, Benicia, Ceraria, Herina, Matthew Berry, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

William Peters, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

John Bushnell, Highland, Wabashaw, herina.

Carl Steinberg, Eureka, Dakota, varicose veins.

William Mulligan, New Canada, Ramsey, varicose veins.

OVERAGE.

WUN, Yonker, Crystal Lake, Hennepin, John Dunivan, Maple Grove, Hennepin, John Nelson, Marion, Washington, Herina, John Smith, Benicia, Ceraria, Herina, Matthew Berry, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

William Peters, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

John Bushnell, Highland, Wabashaw, herina.

Carl Steinberg, Eureka, Dakota, varicose veins.

William Mulligan, New Canada, Ramsey, varicose veins.

OVERAGE.

WUN, Yonker, Crystal Lake, Hennepin, John Dunivan, Maple Grove, Hennepin, John Nelson, Marion, Washington, Herina, John Smith, Benicia, Ceraria, Herina, Matthew Berry, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

William Peters, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

John Bushnell, Highland, Wabashaw, herina.

Carl Steinberg, Eureka, Dakota, varicose veins.

William Mulligan, New Canada, Ramsey, varicose veins.

OVERAGE.

WUN, Yonker, Crystal Lake, Hennepin, John Dunivan, Maple Grove, Hennepin, John Nelson, Marion, Washington, Herina, John Smith, Benicia, Ceraria, Herina, Matthew Berry, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

William Peters, Corcoran, Hennepin, varicose veins.

</

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED DAILY, TWEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

OFFICE—ADJOINING THE BRIDGE.

UNION STATE CONVENTION.

A Convention of the Union State Convention, to consider the doings of the doings set forth in this platform adopted by the recent Baltimore Convention, with respect to the suppression of the rebellion, the extirpation of slavery from the nation, and its prohibition in the future; forever, the support of the public credit, and the protest against the attempt of any unmeasured power to overthrow the Union; and who will also sustain by voice and vote Abraham Lincoln and Andrew Johnson as the standard bearers and representatives of their principles during the pending political canvass, are invited to meet by delegates at Ingersoll's Hall, in St. Paul on Wednesday, the 3rd day of August, at 11 o'clock, a. m., to nominate four candidates to be supported for Presidential Electors and three for Judges of the Supreme Court.

The following have been fixed as the proper appointment of delegates:

Atoka.....	2 Middle Ia.	1
Benton.....	4 Middle Ia.	3
Brown.....	2 Middle Ia.	3
Cass.....	2 Middle Ia.	1
Crow Wing.....	1 Middle Ia.	1
Dodge.....	3 St. Louis.	2
Fillmore.....	9 St. Louis.	1
Freeborn.....	6 Stearns.	3
Hennepin.....	9 Washington.	5
Isanti.....	1 Washington.	1
Marin.....	1 Winona.	8
McLeod.....	1 Washington.	1
Shawano.....	1 Washington.	1
W. L. WILSON, Chairman.		
GEORGE C. MOTT,		
ALBERT WOLF,		
CHARLES J. MURE,		
W. W. PRUITT,		
D. SINCLAIR,		
H. FLETCHER,		
WM. MOIN,		
J. T. WILLIAMS,		
State Central Committee.		

Second Congressional District Union Convention.

The Union Electors of the Second Congressional District of the State of Minnesota, who endorse the terms of the call for the Union Convention, are requested to meet in Delegate Convention at Ingersoll's Hall, in Saint Paul, on Tuesday, the 3rd day of August next, at eleven o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Representative in Congress from said district. The delegates have been appointed as follows:

Atoka.....	2 Meeker.	1
Benton.....	4 Middle Ia.	3
Brown.....	2 Middle Ia.	3
Cass.....	2 Middle Ia.	1
Crow Wing.....	1 Middle Ia.	1
Dodge.....	3 St. Louis.	2
Fillmore.....	9 St. Louis.	1
Freeborn.....	6 Stearns.	3
Hennepin.....	9 Washington.	5
Isanti.....	1 Washington.	1
Marin.....	1 Winona.	8
McLeod.....	1 Washington.	1
Shawano.....	1 Washington.	1
W. L. WILSON, Chairman.		
GEORGE C. MOTT,		
ALBERT WOLF,		
CHARLES J. MURE,		
W. W. PRUITT,		
D. SINCLAIR,		
H. FLETCHER,		
WM. MOIN,		
J. T. WILLIAMS,		
State Central Committee.		

FROM MEMPHIS.

Smith's Army Back to Memphis.

Casualties of the 7th, 9th, and 10th Minnesota.

Correspondence of the St. Paul Press.

HEADQUARTERS 7th MINN. VOL., July 25, 1864.

DEAR PRESS: I enclose full lists of casualties in all Minnesota regiments in the battles of the 13th, 14th, and 15th, near Tupelo, Miss. I have not time to write you any adequate account of the expedition and battles. I will do so the first leisure.

We reached Lagrange day before yesterday, and came from there on the rail road yesterday. We shall lose one or two weeks here to recuperate. It was a very fatiguing march, and we are badly worn down; but a week's rest will restore them.

The Seventh was in the thickest of the fight, as shown by their list of casualties.

But one other regiment (the 12th Iowa) in the whole army sustained so heavy a loss; theirs was just the same as ours.

We fought with them, alternately reliving each other, the day of the hottest fighting. The 9th and 10th regiments, and non-veterans of the 5th, were not fully engaged, but wherever they were they had opportunity they exhibited the qualities which characterize all Minnesota troops—the truest bravery.

How sad the loss of that gallant soldier and accomplished officer, Col. Wilkin, and of the refined Christian gentleman and skillful physician, Surgeon L. B. Smith! Poor Hardy, bravest of the brave, went down in death. Sorrow, too, for the noble men in the ranks who are numbered with the dead. With sympathy for mourners, hope and trust for the living.

Ever yours,

W. R. M.

Report of Casualties in Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, 10th, 11th, and 12th Minnesota.

HEADQUARTERS 7th MINN. VOL., July 25, 1864.

DEAR PRESS: I enclose full lists of

casualties in all Minnesota regiments in the battles of the 13th, 14th, and 15th, near Tupelo, Miss. I have not time to write you any adequate account of the expedition and battles. I will do so the first leisure.

We reached Lagrange day before yesterday, and came from there on the rail road yesterday. We shall lose one or two weeks here to recuperate. It was a very fatiguing march, and we are badly worn down; but a week's rest will restore them.

The Seventh was in the thickest of the

fight, as shown by their list of casualties.

But one other regiment (the 12th Iowa) in the whole army sustained so heavy a

loss; theirs was just the same as ours.

We fought with them, alternately reliving each other, the day of the hottest

fighting. The 9th and 10th regiments, and non-veterans of the 5th, were not

fully engaged, but wherever they were

they had opportunity they exhibited

the qualities which characterize all Minnes

nesota troops—the truest bravery.

How sad the loss of that gallant sol

dier and accomplished officer, Col. Wil

kin, and of the refined Christian gentle

man and skillful physician, Surgeon L. B.

Smith! Poor Hardy, bravest of the

brave, went down in death. Sorrow, too,

for the noble men in the ranks who are

numbered with the dead. With sympa

thy for mourners, hope and trust for the

living.

Ever yours,

W. R. M.

Report of Casualties in Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, 10th, 11th, and 12th Minnesota.

HEADQUARTERS 7th MINN. VOL., July 25, 1864.

DEAR PRESS: I enclose full lists of

casualties in all Minnesota regiments in the battles of the 13th, 14th, and 15th, near Tupelo, Miss. I have not time to write you any adequate account of the expedition and battles. I will do so the first leisure.

We reached Lagrange day before yester

day. Sorrow, too, for the noble men in the ranks who are numbered with the dead. With sympathy for mourners, hope and trust for the living.

Ever yours,

W. R. M.

Report of Casualties in Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, 10th, 11th, and 12th Minnesota.

HEADQUARTERS 7th MINN. VOL., July 25, 1864.

DEAR PRESS: I enclose full lists of

casualties in all Minnesota regiments in the battles of the 13th, 14th, and 15th, near Tupelo, Miss. I have not time to write you any adequate account of the expedition and battles. I will do so the first leisure.

We reached Lagrange day before yester

day. Sorrow, too, for the noble men in the ranks who are numbered with the dead. With sympathy for mourners, hope and trust for the living.

Ever yours,

W. R. M.

Report of Casualties in Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, 10th, 11th, and 12th Minnesota.

HEADQUARTERS 7th MINN. VOL., July 25, 1864.

DEAR PRESS: I enclose full lists of

casualties in all Minnesota regiments in the battles of the 13th, 14th, and 15th, near Tupelo, Miss. I have not time to write you any adequate account of the expedition and battles. I will do so the first leisure.

We reached Lagrange day before yester

day. Sorrow, too, for the noble men in the ranks who are numbered with the dead. With sympathy for mourners, hope and trust for the living.

Ever yours,

W. R. M.

Report of Casualties in Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, 10th, 11th, and 12th Minnesota.

HEADQUARTERS 7th MINN. VOL., July 25, 1864.

DEAR PRESS: I enclose full lists of

casualties in all Minnesota regiments in the battles of the 13th, 14th, and 15th, near Tupelo, Miss. I have not time to write you any adequate account of the expedition and battles. I will do so the first leisure.

We reached Lagrange day before yester

day. Sorrow, too, for the noble men in the ranks who are numbered with the dead. With sympathy for mourners, hope and trust for the living.

Ever yours,

W. R. M.

Report of Casualties in Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, 10th, 11th, and 12th Minnesota.

HEADQUARTERS 7th MINN. VOL., July 25, 1864.

DEAR PRESS: I enclose full lists of

casualties in all Minnesota regiments in the battles of the 13th, 14th, and 15th, near Tupelo, Miss. I have not time to write you any adequate account of the expedition and battles. I will do so the first leisure.

We reached Lagrange day before yester

day. Sorrow, too, for the noble men in the ranks who are numbered with the dead. With sympathy for mourners, hope and trust for the living.

Ever yours,

W. R. M.

Report of Casualties in Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, 10th, 11th, and 12th Minnesota.

HEADQUARTERS 7th MINN. VOL., July 25, 1864.

DEAR PRESS: I enclose full lists of

casualties in all Minnesota regiments in the battles of the 13th, 14th, and 15th, near Tupelo, Miss. I have not time to write you any adequate account of the expedition and battles. I will do so the first leisure.

We reached Lagrange day before yester

day. Sorrow, too, for the noble men in the ranks who are numbered with the dead. With sympathy for mourners, hope and trust for the living.

Ever yours,

W. R. M.

Report of Casualties in Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, 10th, 11th, and 12th Minnesota.

HEADQUARTERS 7th MINN. VOL., July 25, 1864.

DEAR PRESS: I enclose full lists of

casualties in all Minnesota regiments in the battles of the 13th, 14th, and 15th, near Tupelo, Miss. I have not time to write you any adequate account of the expedition and battles. I will do so the first leisure.

We reached Lagrange day before yester

day. Sorrow, too, for the noble men in the ranks who are numbered with the dead. With sympathy for mourners, hope and trust for the living.

Ever yours,

W. R. M.

Report of Casualties in Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, 10th, 11th, and 12th Minnesota.

HEADQUARTERS 7th MINN. VOL., July 25, 1864.

DEAR PRESS: I enclose full lists of

casualties in all Minnesota regiments in the battles of the 13th, 14th, and 15th, near Tupelo, Miss. I have not time to write you any adequate account of the expedition and battles. I will do so the first leisure.

We reached Lagrange day before yester

day. Sorrow, too, for the noble men in the ranks who are numbered with the dead. With sympathy for mourners, hope and trust for the living.

Ever yours,

W. R. M.

Report of Casualties in Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, 10th, 11th, and 12th Minnesota.

HEADQUARTERS 7th MINN. VOL., July 25, 1864.

DEAR PRESS: I enclose full lists of

casualties in all Minnesota regiments in the battles of the 13th, 14th, and 15th, near Tupelo, Miss. I have not time to write you any adequate account of the expedition and battles. I will do so the first leisure.

We reached Lagrange day before yester

day. Sorrow, too, for the noble men in the ranks who are numbered with

Army Contracts.

EDWARD H. BICKS
CONTRACTOR AND MANUFACTURER
ST. PAUL, MINN., JULY 10th, 1864.

Sealed Proposals

In duplicate, to be received at the office
12 o'clock, M.

JULY 30th, 1864.

For the following.

WHEAT-SALE DRAFTS
OATS AND CROPS

In stocks at the following places, viz:

AT F. R. KELLOGG,
POSITIVE THOMPSON

Six Thousand (6000) Bushels of
OATS.

One-half (500) bushels of Shelled CORN.

One-half (500) bushels of OATS.

Sacks to be returned to the contractor.

To be delivered free of charge at the Post
Granary.

AT ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

Four Thousand (4000) bushels of OATS and two
thousand (2000) bushels of Shelled CORN. The
Oats to be delivered at such place as the
contractor may direct; or on or before the 10th day of
August, free of charge; the CORN to be delivered
at St. Paul, Minn., on or before the 10th day of
September, 1864.

Sacks to be returned to the contractor.

To be delivered free of charge at the Post
Granary.

AT ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

One-half (500) bushels of Shelled CORN.

One-half (500) bushels of OATS.

One-half (500) bushels

Army Contracts.

Dry Goods.

EDWARD H. BICKS
CLOTHING MANUFACTURER,
ST. PAUL, MINN., JULY 10th, 1864.

Sealed Proposals

In duplicate, to be received at the office of
12 o'clock, M.

JULY 30th, 1864.

For the following:

OATS AND SPERGELE

IN 500 LBS. BAGS.

FOR CHEAP

NO. 131 THIRD STREET,

DRY GOODS

POSITIVE THOMPSON

SIX THOUSAND (6000) BUSHELS OF

OATS,

ONE HALF BUSHEL OF SHelled CORN.

ONE BUSHEL OF OATS.

ONE BUSHEL OF CORN.

ONE BUSHEL OF OATS.

TO ADVERTISERS.
This paper has a Daily, Tri-Weekly and
Weekly circulation. Double that of any other
in Minnesota, and therefore presents induc-
ments to advertisers which they will not find
elsewhere.

UNION PRESIDENTIAL TICKET
1864.

FOR PRESIDENT:
ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ANDREW JOHNSON,
OF TENNESSEE.

Second Congressional
District
Union Convention.

The Union Electors of the Second Congressional District of the State of Minnesota, who are in the city of the fall for the Union State Convention, are requested to meet in District Convention, at Ingersoll's Hall in Saint Paul, on Tuesday, the second day of August next, at eleven o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Representative in Congress from said district. The delegates have been appointed as follows:

Asotin..... 2 Modoc..... 1
Benton..... 5 Steele..... 1
Carver..... 5 Ste. Croix..... 1
Dakota..... 2 Morrison..... 1
Chicago..... 2 Pine..... 1
Cass..... 1 Morris..... 1
Dakota..... 2 St. Louis..... 1
Goodhue..... 6 Sherburne..... 1
Hennepin..... 1 Todd..... 1
Isanti..... 1 Washington..... 1
Kandiyohi..... 1 Washington..... 1
McLeod..... 1 Washington..... 1
McLeod..... 1 Washington..... 1
CHARLES NICHOLS, Chairman.
H. G. O. MORRISON,
W. E. CUTTER,
A. J. VAN VORIES,
C. H. BAKER,
Standing Dist. Central Com.
t. Paul, Minn., June 20, 1864.

COMPOSITORS WANTED.

Six or seven good composers are wanted this office. We pay

32¢ cents per thousand words
at which composers can earn from \$10 to \$1000 per year.

Very ordinary composers, at these figures, can earn the average salary of the most eloquent and learned clergymen in this city, and more than the wages of the best clerks in business houses; while a good one can earn an amount exceeding the pay of a captain in the navy—or equal to the highest salaries paid for any civil, or professional service in the State.

THE NEWS.
—As we anticipated, the movement on the north side of the James was a feint, and the real attack came off at Petersburg on Saturday. The rebels, who had been harassing the enemy's works, were exploited, capturing a whole rebel regiment in the rebels. An attempt was then made to carry the works by assault, in which we partially succeeded, but were afterwards repulsed with great slaughter by the enemy. A division of negro troops especially distinguished themselves, and were driven back in disorder to the rear.

Panic and mystery still pervade Maryland, and Gold 25¢.

CELESTINE REX.
We print elsewhere an amusing letter from the notorious Bill King, in the most fragrant style of that roistering blackguard, the scurrilous of which career readers will pardon, as we do, for its immense drollery. This letter professes to be a formal reply to the history given by the Press of the recent sale of his Hennepin County property, whereby the commercial genius agreed, for a stipulated consideration, to deliver the decisive vote of the said county in good order and condition, at the District Convention, for one of the Union candidates.

It will be observed, however, that William nowhere denies, or attempts to deny, the facts, or any of the facts, of the negotiation and sale of the vote of Hennepin county as alleged by the Press. The rebels will pardon, as we do, for its audacious rascality, and even attempt in his peculiar way to justify it. But he attempts to justify it on grounds which show that a long course of political depravation in the corrupt atmosphere of the lobby, has made him utterly unconscious of the flagrant immorality of the transaction. Why he did it, or who he sacrificed by the bargain, is nothing to the purpose. His offense is that a bargain was made at all—that he should attempt to baffle every man, and especially for his private profit on the sufferages of the people, on the assumption that votes were commercial commodities, and legitimate objects of mercenary dicker. When a fellow robs a henroost, we do not inquire why he stole the chickens, or whose chickens he stole. It is the stealing, which constitutes the crime.

William manifests a similar moral insensitivity to the real point of reprobation in what we said of his humble means before he went to Washington, a short time ago, and his sudden accumulation of wealth by his connection with the Congressional lobby. It was not his poverty which he sacrificed, or, as he well observes, we were too poor ourselves to afford to sue at honorable indigence—but the suspicious circumstances under which he acquired that arrogant opulence which now leads him to repudiate the friends who helped him along in the day of small things. Ungrateful William!

Of course all that William says about the connection of the Press with the movement to defeat Mr. Donnelly is pure fiction. The Press carefully refrained from taking any part whatever in the canvass, and with the exception of some mild and always courteous criticisms of Mr. Donnelly's course upon a particular public measure—called out wholly by the abusive misrepresentations to which the Press itself was subjected—we have had, as journalists, nothing whatever to say in opposition to Mr. Donnelly, nor have we ever uttered a syllable in favor of any other candidate.

As individual citizens, the conductors of the Press have, of course, expressed the right in every citizen, and followed, as they always propose to do, their own individual preferences; which, as in this case, they involve no political principle, they do not choose to discuss in these columns.

THE SAINT PAUL PRESS.

VOLUME IV.

SAINT PAUL, TUESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1864.

NUMBER 178.

THE TUPELO VICTORIES.

The Gallantry of Minnesota Regiments.

A correspondent of the Missouri Democrat gives a lengthy account of the Tupelo victories from which we take the following extracts relative to the gallantry of different Minnesota Regiments:

In General Mower's Division a successful attack was made on the rebels, who were within about five miles of Harrisburg, with the enemy on the flank and opposite the head of our column. The supply train had been gone forward with the rear of the column, and was being followed by the 3rd Brigade Colored Wood, of 1st division.

About three o'clock the enemy's main attack of the 1st inst. was made on the right flank of the column, and was succeeded by the 7th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th, 101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th, 108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th, 115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st, 122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th, 126th, 127th, 128th, 129th, 130th, 131st, 132nd, 133rd, 134th, 135th, 136th, 137th, 138th, 139th, 140th, 141st, 142nd, 143rd, 144th, 145th, 146th, 147th, 148th, 149th, 150th, 151st, 152nd, 153rd, 154th, 155th, 156th, 157th, 158th, 159th, 160th, 161st, 162nd, 163rd, 164th, 165th, 166th, 167th, 168th, 169th, 170th, 171st, 172nd, 173rd, 174th, 175th, 176th, 177th, 178th, 179th, 180th, 181st, 182nd, 183rd, 184th, 185th, 186th, 187th, 188th, 189th, 190th, 191st, 192nd, 193rd, 194th, 195th, 196th, 197th, 198th, 199th, 200th, 201st, 202nd, 203rd, 204th, 205th, 206th, 207th, 208th, 209th, 210th, 211th, 212th, 213th, 214th, 215th, 216th, 217th, 218th, 219th, 220th, 221th, 222th, 223th, 224th, 225th, 226th, 227th, 228th, 229th, 230th, 231th, 232th, 233th, 234th, 235th, 236th, 237th, 238th, 239th, 240th, 241th, 242th, 243th, 244th, 245th, 246th, 247th, 248th, 249th, 250th, 251th, 252th, 253th, 254th, 255th, 256th, 257th, 258th, 259th, 260th, 261th, 262th, 263th, 264th, 265th, 266th, 267th, 268th, 269th, 270th, 271th, 272th, 273th, 274th, 275th, 276th, 277th, 278th, 279th, 280th, 281th, 282th, 283th, 284th, 285th, 286th, 287th, 288th, 289th, 290th, 291th, 292th, 293th, 294th, 295th, 296th, 297th, 298th, 299th, 300th, 301th, 302th, 303th, 304th, 305th, 306th, 307th, 308th, 309th, 310th, 311th, 312th, 313th, 314th, 315th, 316th, 317th, 318th, 319th, 320th, 321th, 322th, 323th, 324th, 325th, 326th, 327th, 328th, 329th, 330th, 331th, 332th, 333th, 334th, 335th, 336th, 337th, 338th, 339th, 340th, 341th, 342th, 343th, 344th, 345th, 346th, 347th, 348th, 349th, 350th, 351th, 352th, 353th, 354th, 355th, 356th, 357th, 358th, 359th, 360th, 361th, 362th, 363th, 364th, 365th, 366th, 367th, 368th, 369th, 370th, 371th, 372th, 373th, 374th, 375th, 376th, 377th, 378th, 379th, 380th, 381th, 382th, 383th, 384th, 385th, 386th, 387th, 388th, 389th, 390th, 391th, 392th, 393th, 394th, 395th, 396th, 397th, 398th, 399th, 400th, 401th, 402th, 403th, 404th, 405th, 406th, 407th, 408th, 409th, 410th, 411th, 412th, 413th, 414th, 415th, 416th, 417th, 418th, 419th, 420th, 421th, 422th, 423th, 424th, 425th, 426th, 427th, 428th, 429th, 430th, 431th, 432th, 433th, 434th, 435th, 436th, 437th, 438th, 439th, 440th, 441th, 442th, 443th, 444th, 445th, 446th, 447th, 448th, 449th, 450th, 451th, 452th, 453th, 454th, 455th, 456th, 457th, 458th, 459th, 460th, 461th, 462th, 463th, 464th, 465th, 466th, 467th, 468th, 469th, 470th, 471th, 472th, 473th, 474th, 475th, 476th, 477th, 478th, 479th, 480th, 481th, 482th, 483th, 484th, 485th, 486th, 487th, 488th, 489th, 490th, 491th, 492th, 493th, 494th, 495th, 496th, 497th, 498th, 499th, 500th, 501th, 502th, 503th, 504th, 505th, 506th, 507th, 508th, 509th, 510th, 511th, 512th, 513th, 514th, 515th, 516th, 517th, 518th, 519th, 520th, 521th, 522th, 523th, 524th, 525th, 526th, 527th, 528th, 529th, 530th, 531th, 532th, 533th, 534th, 535th, 536th, 537th, 538th, 539th, 540th, 541th, 542th, 543th, 544th, 545th, 546th, 547th, 548th, 549th, 550th, 551th, 552th, 553th, 554th, 555th, 556th, 557th, 558th, 559th, 560th, 561th, 562th, 563th, 564th, 565th, 566th, 567th, 568th, 569th, 570th, 571th, 572th, 573th, 574th, 575th, 576th, 577th, 578th, 579th, 580th, 581th, 582th, 583th, 584th, 585th, 586th, 587th, 588th, 589th, 590th, 591th, 592th, 593th, 594th, 595th, 596th, 597th, 598th, 599th, 600th, 601th, 602th, 603th, 604th, 605th, 606th, 607th, 608th, 609th, 610th, 611th, 612th, 613th, 614th, 615th, 616th, 617th, 618th, 619th, 620th, 621th, 622th, 623th, 624th, 625th, 626th, 627th, 628th, 629th, 630th, 631th, 632th, 633th, 634th, 635th, 636th, 637th, 638th, 639th, 640th, 641th, 642th, 643th, 644th, 645th, 646th, 647th, 648th, 649th, 650th, 651th, 652th, 653th, 654th, 655th, 656th, 657th, 658th, 659th, 660th, 661th, 662th, 663th, 664th, 665th, 666th, 667th, 668th, 669th, 670th, 671th, 672th, 673th, 674th, 675th, 676th, 677th, 678th, 679th, 680th, 681th, 682th, 683th, 684th, 685th, 686th, 687th, 688th, 689th, 690th, 691th, 692th, 693th, 694th, 695th, 696th, 697th, 698th, 699th, 700th, 701th, 702th, 703th, 704th, 705th, 706th, 707th, 708th, 709th, 710th, 711th, 712th, 713th, 714th, 715th, 716th, 717th, 718th, 719th, 720th, 721th, 722th, 723th, 724th, 725th, 726th, 727th, 728th, 729th, 730th, 731th, 732th, 733th, 734th, 735th, 736th, 737th, 738th, 739th, 740th, 741th, 742th, 743th, 744th, 745th, 746th, 747th, 748th, 749th, 750th, 751th, 752th, 753th, 754th, 755th, 756th, 757th, 758th, 759th, 760th, 761th, 762th, 763th, 764th, 765th, 766th, 767th, 768th, 769th, 770th, 771th, 772th, 773th, 774th, 775th, 776th, 777th, 778th, 779th, 780th, 781th, 782th, 783th, 784th, 785th, 786th, 787th, 788th, 789th, 790th, 791th, 792th, 793th, 794th, 795th, 796th, 797th, 798th, 799th, 800th, 801th, 802th, 803th, 804th, 805th, 806th, 807th, 808th, 809th, 810th, 811th, 812th, 813th, 814th, 815th, 816th, 817th, 818th, 819th, 820th, 821th, 822th, 823th, 824th, 825th, 826th, 827th, 828th, 829th, 830th, 831th, 832th, 833th, 834th, 835th, 836th, 837th, 838th, 839th, 840th, 841th, 842th, 843th, 844th, 845th, 846th, 847th, 848th, 849th, 850th, 851th, 852th, 853th, 854th, 855th, 856th, 857th, 858th, 859th, 860th, 861th, 862th, 863th, 864th, 865th, 866th, 867th, 868th, 869th, 870th, 871th, 872th, 873th, 874th, 875th, 876th, 877th, 878th, 879th, 880th, 881th, 882th, 883th, 884th, 885th, 886th, 887th, 888th, 889th, 890th, 891th, 892th, 893th, 894th, 895th, 896th, 897th, 898th, 899th

The Saint Paul Press.
PUBLISHED DAILY, THREDDS, AND WEEKLY.
Office—Adjoining the Bridge.

Dry Goods.

146.

TERMS.—DAILY £2.00.—By mail, £4.00 per annum.—THREDDS per week, £3.—paramount £2.00 per six months; £1.00 for three months; £1.00 for two months; £0.50 each; ten days, £1.00 each; 10 days or more, £1.50 each; 15 days or more, £1.75 each; ten or more, £1.00 each; £1.00 each; £1.00 each; £1.00 each; £1.00 each; £1.00 each.

RATES OF ADVERTISING
IN THE DAILY PRESS

One Square, Each ad. 50c
1/2 Square, 1/2 page, 25c
1/4 Square, 1/4 page, 15c
1/2 page, 25c
1/4 page, 15c
1/8 page, 10c
1/16 page, 5c
1/32 page, 3c
1/64 page, 2c
1/128 page, 1c
1/256 page, 1c

FOR CHEAP

DRY GOODS

GO TO

L. C. BURT'S,

146 Third Street.

020-1

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

SILK and CLOTH

AND

CLOAKS, MANTILLAS

146

CIRCULARS,

JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS

FROM

NEW YORK,

Wishing to Purchase

Also, a general stock of

DRY GOODS

WHICH WE ARE SELLING LOW; AT

THE CHEAP CASH STORE

OF

H. KNOX TAYLOR,

No. 218 Third Street, St. Paul,

Minnesota.

Boots & Shoes.

I have just received by express a very fine assortment of

Ladies', Misses' and Children's

FINE GAITERS

AND BALMORALS.

Which I can recommend with much confidence.

Very small profits and very quick sales, is the

order with me.

JOHN HUBEL,

Kilpatrick's old place.

FIRST OF THE SEASON

NEW

BOOTS & SHOES,

Just Received at

WM. J. SMITH & CO.,

147-19

JOHN A. STEES,

UNDERTAKER

Third Street, St. Paul, Minn.

Sole Agents for

FISKE'S PATENT METALLIC BURIAL CASES

AND CASKETS.

Glass Caskets and Wood Coffins, of the latest

style, constantly on hand.

For Hearse, Carriages and everything nec-

essary for a Funeral, the lowest possible charge.

J. O. BURBANK & CO.,

Proprietors

MRS. D. O. OAKES

Has taken the large and commodious House

formerly known as the "Central House," corner

of Second and Nicollet Streets, and the

former residence of the late Dr. J. C. Oakes.

The house is well suited for a residence, and

is now prepared to receive boarders.

The day or week, will be to let to persons

well established, above rents.

MRS. D. O. OAKES

Miscellaneous.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO SETTLERS
ON RAILROAD LANDS.
SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA, PAUL, and
PACIFIC R. R. CO., Land Department,
St. Paul, April 25, 1864.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Company claiming lands granted to the Territory of Minnesota by the Government of the United States, for the construction of a line of railroad from St. Paul to the town of Big Stone Lake and the mouth of the St. Croix River, by virtue of the act of Congress of March 3, 1851, and the order of said Court, to be executed by the said Court to execute said order will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder.

WEDNESDAY, THE SEVENTH DAY OF
JULY, 1864, at 10 A. M.—\$1,927,200, with
expenses.

Pursuant to the several orders of the Circuit
Court of the United States of America for the
construction of a line of railroad from St. Paul to the town of Big Stone Lake and the mouth of the St. Croix River, by virtue of the act of Congress of March 3, 1851, and the order of said Court, to be executed by the said Court to execute said order will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder.

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE LANDS
TO BE SOLD.

THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA—88

Andrew Ellson, Jr., Daniel C. Price and

Capt. John H. Burrow, Proctors, Marshal Second

District Minnesota:

CAPTAIN.—Many inquiries are made with

respect to the range of roads, and the

distance to the nearest town, to which he

should be liable to a draft. Should he subse-

quently change his residence and wish the

Board to change its place of residence, he

will be liable to a draft.

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE LANDS
TO BE SOLD.

THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA—88

Andrew Ellson, Jr., Daniel C. Price and

Capt. John H. Burrow, Proctors, Marshal Second

District Minnesota:

CAPTAIN.—Many inquiries are made with

respect to the range of roads, and the

distance to the nearest town, to which he

should be liable to a draft. Should he subse-

quently change his residence and wish the

Board to change its place of residence, he

will be liable to a draft.

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE LANDS
TO BE SOLD.

THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA—88

Andrew Ellson, Jr., Daniel C. Price and

Capt. John H. Burrow, Proctors, Marshal Second

District Minnesota:

CAPTAIN.—Many inquiries are made with

respect to the range of roads, and the

distance to the nearest town, to which he

should be liable to a draft. Should he subse-

quently change his residence and wish the

Board to change its place of residence, he

will be liable to a draft.

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE LANDS
TO BE SOLD.

THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA—88

Andrew Ellson, Jr., Daniel C. Price and

Capt. John H. Burrow, Proctors, Marshal Second

District Minnesota:

CAPTAIN.—Many inquiries are made with

respect to the range of roads, and the

distance to the nearest town, to which he

should be liable to a draft. Should he subse-

quently change his residence and wish the

Board to change its place of residence, he

will be liable to a draft.

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE LANDS
TO BE SOLD.

THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA—88

Andrew Ellson, Jr., Daniel C. Price and

Capt. John H. Burrow, Proctors, Marshal Second

District Minnesota:

CAPTAIN.—Many inquiries are made with

respect to the range of roads, and the

distance to the nearest town, to which he

should be liable to a draft. Should he subse-

quently change his residence and wish the

Board to change its place of residence, he

will be liable to a draft.

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE LANDS
TO BE SOLD.

THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA—88

Andrew Ellson, Jr., Daniel C. Price and

Capt. John H. Burrow, Proctors, Marshal Second

District Minnesota:

CAPTAIN.—Many inquiries are made with

respect to the range of roads, and the

distance to the nearest town, to which he

should be liable to a draft. Should he subse-

quently change his residence and wish the

Board to change its place of residence, he

will be liable to a draft.

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE LANDS
TO BE SOLD.

THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA—88

Andrew Ellson, Jr., Daniel C. Price and

Capt. John H. Burrow, Proctors, Marshal Second

District Minnesota:

CAPTAIN.—Many inquiries are made with

respect to the range of roads, and the

distance to the nearest town, to which he

should be liable to a draft. Should he subse-

quently change his residence and wish the

Board to change its place of residence, he

will be liable to a draft.

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE LANDS
TO BE SOLD.

THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA—88

Andrew Ellson, Jr., Daniel C. Price and

Capt. John H. Burrow, Proctors, Marshal Second

District Minnesota:

CAPTAIN.—Many inquiries are made with

respect to the range of roads, and the

distance to the nearest town, to which he

should be liable to a draft. Should he subse-

quently change his residence and wish the

Board to change its place of residence, he

will be liable to a draft.

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE LANDS
TO BE SOLD.

THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA—88

Andrew Ellson, Jr., Daniel C. Price and

Capt. John H. Burrow, Proctors, Marshal Second

District Minnesota:

CAPTAIN.—Many inquiries are made with

respect

THE CITY.

UNION STATE CONVENTION.—A convention of the friends of impartial justice who constitute the "Democrats" forth in the platform adopted by the recent Baltimore Convention, with respect to the suppression of the rebellion, the expatriation of slaves, the treason and the punishment of the traitors, the support of the public cause, and the protection of the Union, was held at Ingerson's Hall, in St. Paul, on Wednesday, the 1st day of August, 1864, to nominate candidates for the election of Delegates to the Union State Convention, and for Judges of the Supreme Court, &c. &c.

The following has been fixed as the proper appointment of delegates:

Ames.	3 Men.
Best Earth.	1 Member.
Browns.	1 Member.
Chippewa.	1 Member.
Chicago.	2 Members.
Cotton.	2 Members.
Dodge.	2 Members.
Faribault.	2 Members.
Fitzgerald.	2 Members.
Goodhue.	1 Member.
Leigh.	1 Member.
Lincoln.	2 Members.
Marquette.	1 Member.
McLeod.	1 Member.
Minneapolis.	2 Members.
Montgomery.	1 Member.
W. M. Morrison.	1 Member.
W. T. Williams.	1 Member.
State Central Committee.	1 Member.

THE CITIZENS' MEETING.

The Quota of the City—How to Fill it—A Committee appointed to procure further Subscriptions.

THE POPULAR VOICE HEARD.

The public meeting of citizens last night at Ingerson's Hall, to take measures to raise the quota of the city, was rather poorly attended, the very class who should be interested in the matter being fewly represented.

Thomas Howard called the meeting to order, and nominated Gen. German for Chairman. He was chosen as such, and on taking the Chair made a few remarks relative to the kind of action required in the present emergency.

He said we should feel it was our duty to obey the laws; and one of these was to furnish men for our quota. That was imperative, and must be carried out whether we dislike it or not. If the draft comes, many will be immured. In our state most of the men are subject, and consequently all are interested. Yet there was an absence of the patriotism formerly exhibited, when a call was made for us.

Now we must furnish either men or money. The bounties now given, many men can make as much in the army as at home—while the idea of danger is not as great as supposed. If, however, the bounty is not large enough, give more.

He also mentioned that the Fifth Minnesota veterans who had been credited to Saint Paul, say that they have never received their local bounty, from the 1st, and complain bitterly about it. If the Council fail necessary to increase the bounty, sustain them in so doing.

Alfred Wright, from the committee of the Common Council to enlist men, reported that the progress hitherto had been slow, as other places had offered more bounty. Three men had been offered away from us dismally. The Saint Paul man, who was agent for an outside place. We had 15 or 20 men already, however, notwithstanding these obstacles. Other towns send their most influential men to recruit here. He moved that a Committee of one or two persons from each ward be appointed to solicit subscriptions, so as to be able to increase the quota.

P. Ryan, Esq., made some remarks about the obligations of the city to its quota to the veterans of the Fifth.

Alfred Wright said the committee were asked why do you not give more bounty? He replied: why do you not subscribe more? Only \$18,000 of the loan had been taken yet.

Alfred Wright urged the importance of taking the whole \$30,000 loan, so we can raise this, we can raise our quota. The bonds were good, and those who take them lose nothing.

Alfred Wright said all could do something. A poor laboring man had said to him a day or two ago—“I will give \$25, or even \$75 if necessary.”

Alfred Wright's motion was then put and carried. The Chair appointed the following Committee:

First Ward—C. H. Schermer and Col. Eaton.

Second Ward—John Clark and Sam.

Third Ward—Charles Williams and W. B. Paine.

Fourth Ward—Robt. A. Smith and G. W. Armstrong.

Fifth Ward—J. W. Bass and G. L. Becker.

All Paine moved that a committee be appointed to inquire into the truth of the non-receipt of the city bounty by the veterans of the 5th. Carried, and Messrs. T. Howard, Wm. S. Combs, and W. C. Morrison were appointed, with instructions to report to the City Council to day.

The Chairman then called for subscriptions to the bonds. The bonds were subscribed:

Wm. M. Appleton.....\$100
Maurice Koch.....50
J. M. Kellar.....50
O. B. Turrell.....200
R. F. Crowell.....50
John Dolan, Alderman.....\$500

On motion of John Dolan, Alderman, Paine was chosen Treasurer of the fund. —— moved that the Council offer higher bounties, if necessary, which was adopted.

The meeting then adjourned.

Passengers, by the Prairie du Chien and St. Paul, will leave on the G. H. Gray daily and connect with the lower boat at Prescott.

Union County Convention.

—Pur-
chase of the delegates selected from the various wards and townships on Saturday, assembled in a meeting at the Court House, yesterday afternoon at two o'clock.

George W. Moore, Chairman of the County Committee, called the Convention to order. D. W. Ingerson was elected Chairman, and A. J. P. was Secretary. Messrs. W. J. White, M. G. Croft, and F. Hildebrand, were appointed a Committee on Credentials. They soon reported the following gentlemen entitled to seats in the Convention:

For Wards for Delegates—W. C. Morris, Frederick Hildebrand, O. E. Ford, William H. Clegg, W. H. Clegg, J. W. Bass, Henry Hinck, Francis Hinck, W. H. Shattuck, A. D. Davison, Robt. T. Clegg, W. L. Wilson, and W. V. Hinck.

For County Delegates—T. M. McCall, C. G. Wood, Adam Deck.

The following has been fixed as the proper appointment of delegates:

Ames.

Best Earth.

Browns.

Chippewa.

Chicago.

Cotton.

Dodge.

Fitzgerald.

Goodhue.

Leigh.

Lincoln.

Marquette.

Montgomery.

W. M. Morrison.

W. T. Williams.

State Central Committee.

L. W. Wilson, Chairman.

Geo. C. Morris.

Alfred Wolf.

W. M. Morrison.

W. C. Morris.

W. H. Clegg.

TO ADVERTISERS.
This paper has a Daily, Tri-Weekly and
Weekly circulation. Books that of any other
in Minnesota, and therefore presents inad-
equate to advertisers which they will not find
satisfactory.

UNION PRESIDENTIAL TICKET
1864.

FOR PRESIDENT:
ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ANDREW JOHNSON,
OF TENNESSEE.

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATION.
FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS—SECOND
DISTRICT,
IGNEAS T. L. DONNELLY.

UNION STATE CONVENTION.

A convention of the friends of impartial freedom who embrace the doctrines set forth in the platform adopted by the Union State Convention, and most especially to the suppression of the African slave, the extirpation of slavery in the South, and its prohibition in the future; forever, the support of the public credit, and the protest against the attempt of any monarchical power to overthrow republican institutions upon this continent, and who will also sustain "a voice not yet Abra," and who will not shrink from the standard of the Union, as the standard of the representatives of their principles during the pending political canvass, are invited to meet by delegates at Ingoldsby's Hall, in St. Paul, on Wednesday, the 3rd day of August, at 11 o'clock, a.m., to nominate four candidates to be supported for Presidential Electors and three for Judges of the Supreme Court.

The following list was fixed as the proper
apportionment of delegates:

Delegates	White Earth	Blue Earth	Brule	Carver	Chicago	Coon	Dakota	Dakota	Faribault	Freeborn	Goodhue	Grant	Houston	Le Sueur	Marshall	McLeod	W. L. Wilson, Chairman	GEO. C. MOTT	ALBERT WOLF	CHAS. MCCLURE	W. W. PRINDELE	D. SINCLAIR	H. FLETCHER	WM. MORIN	J. T. WILLIAMS	State Central Committee.
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
11	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
13	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
14	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
15	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
16	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
17	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
18	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
19	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
21	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
22	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
23	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
24	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
25	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
26	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
27	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
28	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
29	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
30	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
31	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
32	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
33	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
34	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
35	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
36	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
37	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
39	1	1	1	1																						

The Saint Paul Press.

Published daily, tri-weekly and weekly.

Office—Adjoining the Bridge.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Owing to the largely increasing our papers, we have been obliged to, and shall henceforth charge for publishing all calls for Political or Public Meetings, Society Notices, Religious Announcements, Obituary and Marriage Notices, at the following rates: simple announcement of death only, 35 cents each. All other notices (when not exceeding five lines), 50 cents each; for each additional line, TWENTY FIVE CENTS; for insertion and five lines, 50 cents each; for subsequent notices. These reasonable charges, will hardly pay the actual cost to us for the work.

We have heretofore given publicity to notices of kindred character, but we do not longer do so, unless they shall be no longer than such notices, bearing in mind that they will not be inserted unless the party for whom such insertion agrees to pay the cost.

PRESS PRINTING CO., PIONEER PRINTING CO.

May 14th, 1864.

Legislative Union Convention—4th District.

The United electors of the Fourth Legislative District of the State of Minnesota, are requested to meet at the delegate Convention, at Anoka, in the Hall of the Woods, on Saturday, the 24th instant, at 10 A.M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Senator and two candidates for Representatives in the Legislature of said State. The delegates must be bona fide residents of the county for which they are nominated, and are appointed at the last annual Convention as follows:

Anoka, 7 James. H. Thompson,
F. M. Stowell,
P. D. St. John,
G. W. Holmes,
O. B. Sturtevant,
District Committee.

Dated July 23, 1864.

Lord Palmerston on Mediation.

An influential delegation of Anglo-Italians from the Society for obtaining the Cessation of Hostilities in America, waited on Lord Palmerston on the 15th inst., for the purpose of urging his Majesty's Government to take steps to bring about peace.

Lord Palmerston in reply said that two facts were abundantly clear, viz: that the war was cruelly prosecuted by the American Government, and that the war was caused by the other nations was excessive. The question remained, whether the Government had any national ground for supposing that the Federal Government, in reference to any proposals of mediation at the present moment. There was an old couplet:

They who in quiesce interpose,
Will often wile & bodey noise.

[Laughter.] He was not afraid of a reply, but he feared that premature and hasty intervention would be interpreted as sympathizing with the Northerners and making it more difficult, when the passions were a little calmed, to effect the object which he had in view. The Government, he said, had to think, from all circumstances, that he thought, that this was not the moment at which any moderate proposals could be usefully made. Each party was equally confident of ultimate success, and the Society represented him as being right.

It, however, at the future time reasonable ground could be shown for supposing that friendly suggestions would be listened to, had His Majesty's Government been happy to use their efforts to arrive at such a desirable result as that of terminating this unhappy war.

Dismissal of Gen. McClellan.

We do not refer in this caption to the dismissal of Gen. McClellan from the Army of the Potomac, but to an event of much more recent date, when he was dismissed by the most adroit management, best suited to his standard bearer for the next political campaign. But his recent West Point return seems to have been the result of the efforts of the Western Peace Democrats, and that friend of Vallandigham, the old "horse" of the Columbus Crisis, the old "horse" of Western Democracy, was willing to sacrifice, that milder and sorrier fate, which misses the "Young Napoleon" forever.

"Politically, General McClellan could not have done a more unfortunate thing, than to countenance or to have advanced such sentiments just at this time. Satisfied from his actions here in 1861, while under Governor Dennison, and from all his actions since, when political opinions had been reversed, he was not the man to place at the head of the Democratic party as a political leader; he was as tenderly as circumstances will allow, to be pitied; but what but ambition, and a "pique," even caused such members of Congress to adopt him and try to force him upon the people as the leader of the Democratic party, we never could comprehend. His inability of character, his personal attachments to the Democratic party, and his entire devotion to the arts of war, all these are well enough, for such a know, but there are many men of fine acquirements who are the most ugly of all men to whom to entrust the liberties of a great people at such a time as this."

A Novel Undertaking.

Some individuals in Chicago have constructed, on the most primitive principles, an odd craft, called the "Idaho," in which they propose to sail to the Territories by means of water. A superstructure of old barrels, and a steering rudder, with a cooking stove and a ladder well stocked, when these walls are hung in bows, knives, and other articles. The hurricane deck is covered with a manner of articles suitable for a new country, as spades, shovels and axes, repelling machine, and other implements used in the country. The boat is propelled by a twelve-horse power engine which turns a stern wheel, such as are frequently seen in Western waters. It is anticipated that a speed of from eight to ten knots an hour will be attained; but, however, she will be liable to undergo a heavy blow against the rapid current of the Missouri river to come.

It is proposed to sail up the Chicago river into the lake, and then to proceed up the Illinois river; thence to the Mississippi into the Missouri river, sailing as far as Fort Benton, the head of navigation. At that point the engine of the boat will be taken out, and with the cargo and baggage, two hundred miles on wagons to Bismarck City, a brewery, distillery and saw mill will be erected. The engine of the boat will furnish the motive power when the buildings are completed.

Gen. McPherson, who was killed near Atlanta on Fairly, was engaged to a beautiful and accomplished young lady of Bath, England, by whom he was married, and by whom he was addressed to his mother, who, not being able to see well without her glasses, passed it to her daughter, engaged to the deceased, to read. Seeing that R recorded his death, she instantly fainted.

Hon. William Windom.

To the Editor of the Wisconsin Republican: Having observed that a low, malignant fellow of the Copperhead persuasion has lately used your columns as a means of an attack upon the Union and the Government of the United States, which the charge that he "has done nothing" is several times repeated, I respectfully request permission to say a few words to your readers in reply to that charge. I have been, and am, very careful of the public services of Mr. Windom since he first entered Congress, and the records will show that no district has been more faithfully, and more efficiently, represented than has ours during the last four years.

Mr. Windom has not been in this country, and has never been a member of the national legislature, of which he has been a member, by long bungo speeches intended only for home consumption, and which by the way, are the bane of any legislation. I have been, and am, very careful of the public services of Mr. Windom, and the records will show that no district has been more faithfully, and more efficiently, represented than has ours during the last four years.

Persons bringing or sending in such notices, should bear in mind that they will not be inserted unless the party for whom insertion is made, has the copy.

PRESS PRINTING CO., PIONEER PRINTING CO.

May 14th, 1864.

Legislative Union Convention—4th District.

The United electors of the Fourth Legislative District of the State of Minnesota, are requested to meet at the delegate Convention, at Anoka, in the Hall of the Woods, on Saturday, the 24th instant, at 10 A.M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Senator and two candidates for Representatives in the Legislature of said State. The delegates must be bona fide residents of the county for which they are nominated, and are appointed at the last annual Convention as follows:

Anoka, 7 James. H. Thompson,
F. M. Stowell,
P. D. St. John,
G. W. Holmes,
O. B. Sturtevant,
District Committee.

Dated July 23, 1864.

Lord Palmerston on Mediation.

An influential delegation of Anglo-Italians from the Society for obtaining the Cessation of Hostilities in America, waited on Lord Palmerston on the 15th inst., for the purpose of urging his Majesty's Government to take steps to bring about peace.

Lord Palmerston in reply said that two facts were abundantly clear, viz: that the war was cruelly prosecuted by the American Government, and that the war was caused by the other nations was excessive. The question remained, whether the Government had any national ground for supposing that the Federal Government, in reference to any proposals of mediation at the present moment. There was an old couplet:

They who in quiesce interpose,
Will often wile & bodey noise.

[Laughter.] He was not afraid of a reply, but he feared that premature and hasty intervention would be interpreted as sympathizing with the Northerners and making it more difficult, when the passions were a little calmed, to effect the object which he had in view. The Government, he said, had to think, from all circumstances, that he thought, that this was not the moment at which any moderate proposals could be usefully made. Each party was equally confident of ultimate success, and the Society represented him as being right.

It, however, at the future time reasonable ground could be shown for supposing that friendly suggestions would be listened to, had His Majesty's Government been happy to use their efforts to arrive at such a desirable result as that of terminating this unhappy war.

Dismissal of Gen. McClellan.

We do not refer in this caption to the dismissal of Gen. McClellan from the Army of the Potomac, but to an event of much more recent date, when he was dismissed by the most adroit management, best suited to his standard bearer for the next political campaign. But his recent West Point return seems to have been the result of the efforts of the Western Peace Democrats, and that friend of Vallandigham, the old "horse" of the Columbus Crisis, the old "horse" of Western Democracy, was willing to sacrifice, that milder and sorrier fate, which misses the "Young Napoleon" forever.

"Politically, General McClellan could not have done a more unfortunate thing, than to countenance or to have advanced such sentiments just at this time. Satisfied from his actions here in 1861, while under Governor Dennison, and from all his actions since, when political opinions had been reversed, he was not the man to place at the head of the Democratic party as a political leader; he was as tenderly as circumstances will allow, to be pitied; but what but ambition, and a "pique," even caused such members of Congress to adopt him and try to force him upon the people as the leader of the Democratic party, we never could comprehend. His inability of character, his personal attachments to the Democratic party, and his entire devotion to the arts of war, all these are well enough, for such a know, but there are many men of fine acquirements who are the most ugly of all men to whom to entrust the liberties of a great people at such a time as this."

A Novel Undertaking.

Some individuals in Chicago have constructed, on the most primitive principles, an odd craft, called the "Idaho," in which they propose to sail to the Territories by means of water. A superstructure of old barrels, and a steering rudder, with a cooking stove and a ladder well stocked, when these walls are hung in bows, knives, and other articles. The hurricane deck is covered with a manner of articles suitable for a new country, as spades, shovels and axes, repelling machine, and other implements used in the country. The boat is propelled by a twelve-horse power engine which turns a stern wheel, such as are frequently seen in Western waters. It is anticipated that a speed of from eight to ten knots an hour will be attained; but, however, she will be liable to undergo a heavy blow against the rapid current of the Missouri river to come.

It is proposed to sail up the Chicago river into the lake, and then to proceed up the Illinois river; thence to the Mississippi into the Missouri river, sailing as far as Fort Benton, the head of navigation. At that point the engine of the boat will be taken out, and with the cargo and baggage, two hundred miles on wagons to Bismarck City, a brewery, distillery and saw mill will be erected. The engine of the boat will furnish the motive power when the buildings are completed.

Gen. McPherson, who was killed near Atlanta on Fairly, was engaged to a beautiful and accomplished young lady of Bath, England, by whom he was married, and by whom he was addressed to his mother, who, not being able to see well without her glasses, passed it to her daughter, engaged to the deceased, to read. Seeing that R recorded his death, she instantly fainted.

The other bill referred to, was passed, appropriating \$250,000 to indemnify our state for expenses of the Indian outbreak, and a sum for relieving our tax payers to that end.

At last session, upon the report of the Sioux commissioners being returned to Congress, Mr. Windom introduced, and properly secured the passage of a bill appropriating \$1,170,000, being the balance the Indians from the Sioux outbreak.

There are scores of other bills, public and private, introduced and passed by the Copperhead persuasion, which have lately used your columns as a means of an attack upon the Union and the Government of the United States, which the charge that he "has done nothing" is several times repeated, I respectfully request permission to say a few words to your readers in reply to that charge. I have been, and am, very careful of the public services of Mr. Windom since he first entered Congress, and the records will show that no district has been more faithfully, and more efficiently, represented than has ours during the last four years.

Mr. Windom has not been in this country, and has never been a member of the national legislature, of which he has been a member, by long bungo speeches intended only for home consumption, and which by the way, are the bane of any legislation.

Persons bringing or sending in such notices, should bear in mind that they will not be inserted unless the party for whom insertion is made, has the copy.

PRESS PRINTING CO., PIONEER PRINTING CO.

May 14th, 1864.

Legislative Union Convention—4th District.

The United electors of the Fourth Legislative District of the State of Minnesota, are requested to meet at the delegate Convention, at Anoka, in the Hall of the Woods, on Saturday, the 24th instant, at 10 A.M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Senator and two candidates for Representatives in the Legislature of said State. The delegates must be bona fide residents of the county for which they are nominated, and are appointed at the last annual Convention as follows:

Anoka, 7 James. H. Thompson,
F. M. Stowell,
P. D. St. John,
G. W. Holmes,
O. B. Sturtevant,
District Committee.

Dated July 23, 1864.

Lord Palmerston on Mediation.

An influential delegation of Anglo-Italians from the Society for obtaining the Cessation of Hostilities in America, waited on Lord Palmerston on the 15th inst., for the purpose of urging his Majesty's Government to take steps to bring about peace.

Lord Palmerston in reply said that two facts were abundantly clear, viz: that the war was cruelly prosecuted by the American Government, and that the war was caused by the other nations was excessive. The question remained, whether the Government had any national ground for supposing that the Federal Government, in reference to any proposals of mediation at the present moment. There was an old couplet:

They who in quiesce interpose,
Will often wile & bodey noise.

[Laughter.] He was not afraid of a reply, but he feared that premature and hasty intervention would be interpreted as sympathizing with the Northerners and making it more difficult, when the passions were a little calmed, to effect the object which he had in view. The Government, he said, had to think, from all circumstances, that he thought, that this was not the moment at which any moderate proposals could be usefully made. Each party was equally confident of ultimate success, and the Society represented him as being right.

It, however, at the future time reasonable ground could be shown for supposing that friendly suggestions would be listened to, had His Majesty's Government been happy to use their efforts to arrive at such a desirable result as that of terminating this unhappy war.

Dismissal of Gen. McClellan.

We do not refer in this caption to the dismissal of Gen. McClellan from the Army of the Potomac, but to an event of much more recent date, when he was dismissed by the most adroit management, best suited to his standard bearer for the next political campaign. But his recent West Point return seems to have been the result of the efforts of the Western Peace Democrats, and that friend of Vallandigham, the old "horse" of the Columbus Crisis, the old "horse" of Western Democracy, was willing to sacrifice, that milder and sorrier fate, which misses the "Young Napoleon" forever.

"Politically, General McClellan could not have done a more unfortunate thing, than to countenance or to have advanced such sentiments just at this time. Satisfied from his actions here in 1861, while under Governor Dennison, and from all his actions since, when political opinions had been reversed, he was not the man to place at the head of the Democratic party as a political leader; he was as tenderly as circumstances will allow, to be pitied; but what but ambition, and a "pique," even caused such members of Congress to adopt him and try to force him upon the people as the leader of the Democratic party, we never could comprehend. His inability of character, his personal attachments to the Democratic party, and his entire devotion to the arts of war, all these are well enough, for such a know, but there are many men of fine acquirements who are the most ugly of all men to whom to entrust the liberties of a great people at such a time as this."

A Novel Undertaking.

Some individuals in Chicago have constructed, on the most primitive principles, an odd craft, called the "Idaho," in which they propose to sail to the Territories by means of water. A superstructure of old barrels, and a steering rudder, with a cooking stove and a ladder well stocked, when these walls are hung in bows, knives, and other articles. The hurricane deck is covered with a manner of articles suitable for a new country, as spades, shovels and axes, repelling machine, and other implements used in the country. The boat is propelled by a twelve-horse power engine which turns a stern wheel, such as are frequently seen in Western waters. It is anticipated that a speed of from eight to ten knots an hour will be attained; but, however, she will be liable to undergo a heavy blow against the rapid current of the Missouri river to come.

It is proposed to sail up the Chicago river into the lake, and then to proceed up the Illinois river; thence to the Mississippi into the Missouri river, sailing as far as Fort Benton, the head of navigation. At that point the engine of the boat will be taken out, and with the cargo and baggage, two hundred miles on wagons to Bismarck City, a brewery, distillery and saw mill will be erected. The engine of the boat will furnish the motive power when the buildings are completed.

Gen. McPherson, who was killed near Atlanta on Fairly, was engaged to a beautiful and accomplished young lady of Bath, England, by whom he was married, and by whom he was addressed to his mother, who, not being able to see well without her glasses, passed it to her daughter, engaged to the deceased, to read. Seeing that R recorded his death, she instantly fainted.

The carriage and endeavored to escape through the marshes, but was captured and transported for life. The hat found in the railway carriage turns out to be that of the murderer, he having taken it from the mother of one who was a widow, and who had been a widow for many years.

The hat of the murderer, which he left behind, is in the hands of the police; and, although it is much crushed, it has been ascertained that it was made by a tradesman, and is of a very poor quality.

The hat of the murderer, which he left behind, is in the hands of the police; and, although it is much crushed, it has been ascertained that it was made by a tradesman, and is of a very poor quality.

The hat of the murderer, which he left behind, is in the hands of the police; and, although it is much crushed, it has been ascertained that it was made by a tradesman, and is of a very poor quality.

The hat of the murderer, which he left behind, is in the hands of the police; and, although it is much crushed, it has been ascertained that it was made by a tradesman, and is of a very poor quality.

The hat of the murderer, which he left behind, is in the hands of the police; and, although it is much crushed, it has been ascertained that it was made by a tradesman, and is of a very poor quality.

The hat of the murderer, which he left behind, is in the hands of the police; and, although it is much crushed, it has been ascertained that it was made by a tradesman, and is of a very poor quality.

The hat of the murderer, which he left behind, is in the hands of the police; and, although it is much crushed, it has been ascertained that it was made by a tradesman, and is of a very poor quality.

The hat of the murderer, which he left behind, is in the hands of the police; and, although it is much crushed, it has been ascertained that it was made by a tradesman, and is of a very poor quality.

The hat of the murderer, which he left behind, is in the hands of the police; and, although it is much crushed, it has been ascertained that it was made by a tradesman, and is of a very poor quality.

The Saint Paul Press.
PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY
Office—Adjoining the Bridge.

146.
Dry Goods.

RATES OF ADVERTISING
IN THE DAILY PRESS
One Square, Each Add. Square
One Month \$0.50 \$0.40
Six days 0.25 0.20
Two weeks 3.00 1.75
Three weeks 4.50 2.25
One month 6.00 3.25
Three months 12.00 6.50
Six months 18.00 9.00
Twelve months 36.00 18.00

First page advertisements, special and business notices, and advertising matter, not otherwise directed, will be inserted on the fourth page, one-half additional.

Second, special and place and double column advertisements, and advertisements with cuts, one-third additional.

Third, special and place and double column advertisements, at pleasure, additional to the above.

Local notices double the above prices, and no notices inserted in Daily and Weekly.

Advertisements in Daily and Weekly, two-thirds additional to the above rates.

Advertisements in Daily, \$1.00 per square for first insertion, and 50 cents per square for each additional insertion, within three months; over three months, one-third less than Daily rates.

For insertion in Daily, general advertisements, 75 cents per square for first insertion, and 37 1/2 cents per square for each additional insertion.

Attorneys advertising in legal advertisements are regarded as one-half the above prices, and same are to be inserted in a special agreement to charge the same to another party.

No paper given in connection with advertising.

AGENTS FOR THE PRESS.

The following agents are authorized to act as Agents for the Press:

D. McCabe, Minneapolis, W. O'Brien, St. Anthony, H. J. C. Clegg, St. Paul, J. M. Rosenberg, St. Cloud, Joshua Smith, St. Paul, T. S. Smith, Hudson, Wisconsin, M. H. Thomas, Athol, W. M. Tracy, St. Paul, A. B. Easton, Stillwater, H. Riedel, Farmington, N. H. Nichols, Northfield, D. H. Frost, Northfield, W. P. Stanley, Waukesha, L. L. Moore, Waukesha, J. M. McKee, Waukesha, Wisconsin, C. McCay, Prescott, Wisconsin, D. C. Tracy, Waukesha, L. Carpenter, Lake City, W. H. Tracy, Waukesha, T. J. Duffy, Shakopee, D. P. How, J. K. Moore, St. Peter, C. H. Stoen, Mankato, S. L. Johnson, St. Paul, G. Stoen, Cannon Falls, Ray, Waukesha, Gardner City, J. M. Weis, Waukesha City, C. J. Shortt, Austin, C. G. Johnson, Waukesha, J. E. Albaugh, Cannon City, George F. Tracy, Waukesha, H. C. Adams, Morristown, C. H. Tracy, Red Wing, C. C. Jenkins, Rosedale, E. S. Tracy, Waukesha, A. L. Tracy, Monteville, A. McLean, Henderson.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

FOR CHEAP

DRY GOODS

GO TO

L. C. BURT'S,

146 Third Street.

Oct 20-1

SILK and CLOTH

AND

CLOAKS, MANTILLAS

JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS

FROM

CIRCULARS,

ON

NEW YORK,

Which we will be glad to show to all

Wishing to Purchase

Also, a general stock of

DRY GOODS!

WHICH WE ARE SELLING LOW!

THE CHEAP CASH STORE

OF

H. KNOX TAYLOR,

No. 218 Third Street, St. Paul,

Minneapolis.

Boots & Shoes.

NEW GAITERS & BALMORALS

I have just received by express a very fine assortment of

Ladies', Misses' and Children's

Fine Gaiters

AND BALMORALS.

Which I can recommend with much confidence.

Very small profits and very quick sales, is the order with me.

JOHN HUBEL,
Kirkpatrick's old place.

1864. 1864. 1864.

Winter Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE COMPANY.

PASSENGER LINE.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Conestoga Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent Stage Masters.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL.

For Hastings, Red Wing, Lake City, Read's Woods, Mendota, Minneapolis, and St. Cloud at 6 o'clock A. M.

For St. Paul, 6 o'clock A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordan, St. Lawrence, Belle Plaine, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, and Winona, 7 o'clock A. M.

For Minneapolis, Cass Rock, Northfield, Cass City, Faribault, New Ulm, Chaska, Faribault, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 A. M.

For Mendota, Cass Rock, Northfield, Cass City, Faribault, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 A. M.

For Hastings, Red Wing, Lake City, Read's Woods, Mendota, Minneapolis, and St. Cloud at 7 o'clock A. M.

For St. Paul, 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota, Chaska, Mendota, and St. Paul at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Mendota,

THE CITY.

COMPOSITORS WANTED.
Six or seven good composers are wanted at this office. We pay

32½ cents per thousand ems.
to which composers can earn from \$18 to \$30 per week, according to their experience in the business—or from \$100 to \$150 per year.

Very ordinary composers, at these figures, can earn the average salary of the most educated and learned clergymen in this city, and more than the wages of the best clerks in business-houses—while a good one can earn as much as exceeding the pay of a captain in the army—or equal to the highest salaries paid for any civil, or professional service in the State.

Legislative Union District Convocation—6th District.

The United electors of the Sixth Legislative District of the State of Minnesota are requested to meet at the Tabernacle, at Watertown, in the County of Carver, on **TUESDAY, THE FIRST DAY ON SEPTEMBER next, at 11 o'clock A.M.**, for the purpose of holding a Convocation, and for the election of delegates to be representative in the Legislature of said State. The delegates to be bona fide residents of the counties to which they are accredited, and as follows:

Wright, ———, 6 Carver, ———, 1 McLeod, ———, 2 Kandiyohi, ———, 1 F. G. MEALEY, Chairman, and others.

Dated July 30, 1864.

City Council.—The City Council held a regular meeting yesterday, at 11 a.m.; Aldermen, Stecher, Livingston, and Murray. Fine, \$10 each.

INCREASE OF POLL TAX.

A petition was received from the Chief of Police, asking that the pay of the policemen be increased to \$75 per month, and that of Captain to \$85. The petition was accompanied by a communication from the Major, asking that the pay of Chief of Police be increased to \$100 per month. On motion of Ald. Slichter, the petition was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

THE FIREMEN'S POLL TAX.

The City Attorney, to whom was referred the matter of the liability of firemen to pay poll tax, reported that in his opinion they were liable to such tax. A resolution was adopted by the Council promising to re-inforce the firemen for the amount paid by them.

RELIEF GRANTED.

The Treasurer of the city reported having granted relief to families of volunteers to the amount of \$905, and from the county, to the amount of \$345.

OPENING OF TENTH STREET.

The Commissioners appointed to open Tenth street, from Jackson to Broadway, submitted a report of their doings, which was accepted.

THE LAKE COMO BRIDGE.

Alderman Gross called attention to the bad condition of the bridge on the Lake-Como road. He said it was almost impassable, and urged that the road track be filled up across the slough.

Ald. Reed said he had passed over the bridge lately, and thought it was in good repair.

The matter was referred to the City Engineer and the Committee on Streets, to report the probable cost of filling up the road.

THE HUCKSTER ORDINANCE.

On motion of Ald. Berkey, the Committee on markets were instructed to cause the police to enforce the ordinance against huckstering, rigidly.

FORT STREET EXTENSION.

On motion of Ald. Berkey, the City Engineer and committee on streets were instructed to make a profile of the Fort street extension, and report its cost to the Council.

A COSTLY JOB.

Some hills for work on the extension of 3d Street, occasioned an airing of that matter. Ald. Berkey said it had been intended to cost \$10,000, but had already gone to twice that much, and was not yet done.

Ald. Paine said this was so. All our money should not be expended on one street. We are limited by charter to the expenditure of \$50,000, and here is nearly half of it gone into one street, leaving us but little for 7th, 10th, Fort and other streets we wish to improve.

On motion of Ald. Berkey the Committee on Streets were directed to stop work on Third Street, if it is in a passable condition.

STREET LABORERS.

Ald. Reed called the attention of the Council to the fact that our street laborers, many of whom are poor men, getting \$1.00 per day, had not been paid for two months. On his motion the Committee on Ways and Means were instructed to make arrangements to pay up to August 1st before the next meeting.

DEGRADING OUR QUITA.

Ald. Paine without the ordinance (offered by himself at a previous meeting, and laid over until to-day), prohibiting agents from outside towns from recruiting in our city. He said on reflection all appeared to think that to throw open the field to competition, and stimulate men to come here and get their bounties, would give us a better chance.

Ald. King stated that we had secured twenty men so far, namely for \$1.00 each. The Council then adjourned, without any action on the matter.

THE BANKS OF THE CITY OF ST. PAUL.—Is at the office of the Great Western and Detroit and Milwaukee Railways, 273 Broadway, whose Freight Contracts & Tickets

to all parts of the west can be had. A complete list of the railroads and steamship lines in connection with the State Register.

REY, EDWARD, EUGLESTON, STATE AGENT FOR MINNESOTA, St. Paul.—Is at the office of the Great Western and Detroit and Milwaukee Railways, 273 Broadway, whose Freight Contracts & Tickets

to all parts of the west can be had. A complete list of the railroads and steamship lines in connection with the State Register.

W. O'BRIEN, St. Anthony.—Has erected a Bath House near the Water Power Company's Mills, for the accommodation of both ladies and gentlemen. Those desiring a good show-bath, should avail themselves of the opportunity. Admittance: Adult 10 cents; children 5 cents.

Passengers by the Prairie du Chien.—Brock Trout, Pigeons, Chops, Steaks, &c. every day at the restaurant tables. Chicken Soup at the 11 o'clock lunch every day. Fresh Cucumbers every day. Ice Cream at all hours—every variety. Separate entrance room for ladies. dim

METROPOLITAN HALL.—Spring Chickens, Pigeons, Chops, Steaks, &c. every day at the restaurant tables. Chicken Soup at the 11 o'clock lunch every day. Fresh Cucumbers every day. Ice Cream at all hours—every variety. Separate entrance room for ladies. dim

LOCAL NOTICES.

A NEW VERSION OF THE HENNEPIN COUNTY ARRANGEMENT.

MINNEAPOLIS, August 3, 1864.

EDITORS OF THE PRESS:—Several days since, in an article headed "The Recent Sale of the Hennepin County General Log Cabin," which will be read and enjoyed by your children. Children will not be easily swayed, for Cough, Colic, &c., are not to be had—particularly for the use of children. Winkworth's Soothing Syrup we can speak from knowledge; in our own family it has proved a blessing. Indeed, by giving an infant troubled with colic, pain, sleep, and its parents, a spoonful of this syrup, it has been a great service to us. The syrup is easily prepared, and is a great convenience to us.

EDWARD H. RIGGS,
Agent for Saint Paul, Minn.
Lytton & Co.

WORMS! WORMS!—MOTHERS SAVE YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children die yearly from worms where they might have been saved. Mrs. C. H. HILL, 100½ W. 2nd St., St. Paul, will tell you all and explain them to you. Children with worms are easily swayed, for Cough, Colic, &c., are not to be had—particularly for the use of children. Winkworth's Soothing Syrup we can speak from knowledge; in our own family it has proved a blessing. Indeed, by giving an infant troubled with colic, pain, sleep, and its parents, a spoonful of this syrup, it has been a great service to us. The syrup is easily prepared, and is a great convenience to us.

EDWARD H. RIGGS,
Agent for Saint Paul, Minn.
Lytton & Co.

WORMS! WORMS!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children die

yearly from worms where they might have

been saved. Mrs. C. H. HILL, 100½ W. 2nd St., St. Paul, will tell you all and explain them to you. Children with worms are easily swayed, for Cough, Colic, &c., are not to be had—particularly for the use of children. Winkworth's Soothing Syrup we can speak from knowledge; in our own family it has proved a blessing. Indeed, by giving an infant troubled with colic, pain, sleep, and its parents, a spoonful of this syrup, it has been a great service to us. The syrup is easily prepared, and is a great convenience to us.

EDWARD H. RIGGS,
Agent for Saint Paul, Minn.
Lytton & Co.

WORMS! WORMS!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children die

yearly from worms where they might have

been saved. Mrs. C. H. HILL, 100½ W. 2nd St., St. Paul, will tell you all and explain them to you. Children with worms are easily swayed, for Cough, Colic, &c., are not to be had—particularly for the use of children. Winkworth's Soothing Syrup we can speak from knowledge; in our own family it has proved a blessing. Indeed, by giving an infant troubled with colic, pain, sleep, and its parents, a spoonful of this syrup, it has been a great service to us. The syrup is easily prepared, and is a great convenience to us.

EDWARD H. RIGGS,
Agent for Saint Paul, Minn.
Lytton & Co.

WORMS! WORMS!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children die

yearly from worms where they might have

been saved. Mrs. C. H. HILL, 100½ W. 2nd St., St. Paul, will tell you all and explain them to you. Children with worms are easily swayed, for Cough, Colic, &c., are not to be had—particularly for the use of children. Winkworth's Soothing Syrup we can speak from knowledge; in our own family it has proved a blessing. Indeed, by giving an infant troubled with colic, pain, sleep, and its parents, a spoonful of this syrup, it has been a great service to us. The syrup is easily prepared, and is a great convenience to us.

EDWARD H. RIGGS,
Agent for Saint Paul, Minn.
Lytton & Co.

WORMS! WORMS!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children die

yearly from worms where they might have

been saved. Mrs. C. H. HILL, 100½ W. 2nd St., St. Paul, will tell you all and explain them to you. Children with worms are easily swayed, for Cough, Colic, &c., are not to be had—particularly for the use of children. Winkworth's Soothing Syrup we can speak from knowledge; in our own family it has proved a blessing. Indeed, by giving an infant troubled with colic, pain, sleep, and its parents, a spoonful of this syrup, it has been a great service to us. The syrup is easily prepared, and is a great convenience to us.

EDWARD H. RIGGS,
Agent for Saint Paul, Minn.
Lytton & Co.

WORMS! WORMS!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children die

yearly from worms where they might have

been saved. Mrs. C. H. HILL, 100½ W. 2nd St., St. Paul, will tell you all and explain them to you. Children with worms are easily swayed, for Cough, Colic, &c., are not to be had—particularly for the use of children. Winkworth's Soothing Syrup we can speak from knowledge; in our own family it has proved a blessing. Indeed, by giving an infant troubled with colic, pain, sleep, and its parents, a spoonful of this syrup, it has been a great service to us. The syrup is easily prepared, and is a great convenience to us.

EDWARD H. RIGGS,
Agent for Saint Paul, Minn.
Lytton & Co.

WORMS! WORMS!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children die

yearly from worms where they might have

been saved. Mrs. C. H. HILL, 100½ W. 2nd St., St. Paul, will tell you all and explain them to you. Children with worms are easily swayed, for Cough, Colic, &c., are not to be had—particularly for the use of children. Winkworth's Soothing Syrup we can speak from knowledge; in our own family it has proved a blessing. Indeed, by giving an infant troubled with colic, pain, sleep, and its parents, a spoonful of this syrup, it has been a great service to us. The syrup is easily prepared, and is a great convenience to us.

EDWARD H. RIGGS,
Agent for Saint Paul, Minn.
Lytton & Co.

WORMS! WORMS!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children die

yearly from worms where they might have

been saved. Mrs. C. H. HILL, 100½ W. 2nd St., St. Paul, will tell you all and explain them to you. Children with worms are easily swayed, for Cough, Colic, &c., are not to be had—particularly for the use of children. Winkworth's Soothing Syrup we can speak from knowledge; in our own family it has proved a blessing. Indeed, by giving an infant troubled with colic, pain, sleep, and its parents, a spoonful of this syrup, it has been a great service to us. The syrup is easily prepared, and is a great convenience to us.

EDWARD H. RIGGS,
Agent for Saint Paul, Minn.
Lytton & Co.

WORMS! WORMS!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children die

yearly from worms where they might have

been saved. Mrs. C. H. HILL, 100½ W. 2nd St., St. Paul, will tell you all and explain them to you. Children with worms are easily swayed, for Cough, Colic, &c., are not to be had—particularly for the use of children. Winkworth's Soothing Syrup we can speak from knowledge; in our own family it has proved a blessing. Indeed, by giving an infant troubled with colic, pain, sleep, and its parents, a spoonful of this syrup, it has been a great service to us. The syrup is easily prepared, and is a great convenience to us.

EDWARD H. RIGGS,
Agent for Saint Paul, Minn.
Lytton & Co.

WORMS! WORMS!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children die

yearly from worms where they might have

been saved. Mrs. C. H. HILL, 100½ W. 2nd St., St. Paul, will tell you all and explain them to you. Children with worms are easily swayed, for Cough, Colic, &c., are not to be had—particularly for the use of children. Winkworth's Soothing Syrup we can speak from knowledge; in our own family it has proved a blessing. Indeed, by giving an infant troubled with colic, pain, sleep, and its parents, a spoonful of this syrup, it has been a great service to us. The syrup is easily prepared, and is a great convenience to us.

EDWARD H. RIGGS,
Agent for Saint Paul, Minn.
Lytton & Co.

WORMS! WORMS!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children die

yearly from worms where they might have

been saved. Mrs. C. H. HILL, 100½ W. 2nd St., St. Paul, will tell you all and explain them to you. Children with worms are easily swayed, for Cough, Colic, &c., are not to be had—particularly for the use of children. Winkworth's Soothing Syrup we can speak from knowledge; in our own family it has proved a blessing. Indeed, by giving an infant troubled with colic, pain, sleep, and its parents, a spoonful of this syrup, it has been a great service to us. The syrup is easily prepared, and is a great convenience to us.

EDWARD H. RIGGS,
Agent for Saint Paul, Minn.
Lytton & Co.

WORMS! WORMS!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children die

yearly from worms where they might have

been saved. Mrs. C. H. HILL, 100½ W. 2nd St., St. Paul, will tell you all and explain them to you. Children with worms are easily swayed, for Cough, Colic, &c., are not to be had—particularly for the use of children. Winkworth's Soothing Syrup we can speak from knowledge; in our own family it has proved a blessing. Indeed, by giving an infant troubled with colic, pain, sleep, and its parents, a spoonful of this syrup, it has been a great service to us. The syrup is easily prepared, and is a great convenience to us.

EDWARD H. RIGGS,
Agent for Saint Paul, Minn.
Lytton & Co.

WORMS! WORMS!—MOTHERS SAVE

YOUR CHILDREN.—Thousands of children die

TO ADVERTISERS:
This paper has a Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation. Double that of any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

UNION PRESIDENTIAL TICKET

1864.

FOR PRESIDENT:
ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ANDREW JOHNSON,
OF TENNESSEE.

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATION.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS—SECOND
DISTRICT.

IGNATIUS DONNELLY.

FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT,
Chief Justice—THOMAS WILSON,
Associate—S. J. R. McMillen,
(John M. Berney.)

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS,
CHAS. H. LINCOLN, J. N. MURDOCH,
JOHN D. BEEZER, J. W. MURDOCH.

In accordance with the recommendation of the President, above published, that the 4th day of August be observed as a day of fasting and prayer, this office will be closed to-day, and no paper will consequently be issued to-morrow.

THE JUDICIAL AND ELECTORAL NOMINATIONS.

The proceedings of the State Convention which was held at Ingersoll's Hall yesterday are reported in full elsewhere. The result is embodied in the Judicial and Electoral tickets at the head of our columns, and which we place there with more than ordinary feelings of gratification.

Three men only entirely unexceptionable in all respects; three men more eminently fitted by their legal attainments and ability, their irreproachable purity and integrity of character, and that deep respect of the people which is better than all honors, to fill the bench of the Supreme Court, could not have been found in the limits of Minnesota. Their high character, no less than their professional reputation, will raise that Court to a dignity, and entitle it to a popular respect, which, we regret to say, it has not heretofore had under the excellent politicians, but poor lawyers, who were placed there by the Democratic party seven years ago.

Whatever might have been the personal merit of the late Democratic Judges the ermine which they wore was always, and perhaps undeservedly, tainted in popular apprehension by the recollection that their nomination was purely the reward of party services, as well as by other reminiscences connected with the State election seven years ago which we will not now review.

It is one of the most grateful features of the judicial nominations now presented to the people by the Union party, and a favorable contrast to the history of the court as recently constituted, that neither of the gentlemen on the ticket is in any sense a politician, and that they have been selected by the spontaneous choice of the people, purely by reason of their eminent fitness for the high positions which they are to hold. And so highly and universally are they esteemed by men of all parties, that we can hardly doubt that they will receive the larger share even of the Democratic vote, if, indeed, any judicial ticket is put in the field against them.

We have only space now to briefly allude to the electoral ticket, reserving further comments for future occasions. As the functions of the electors are merely nominal, there nomination is, of course, merely a tribute to their personal characters, which is usually bestowed by the party on some of its most deserving and prominent men.

Though the candidates in this case can hardly be said to be prominent men in a general sense, they are so in the respective localities from which they hail, and are in every respect personally worthy of the high compliment which has been paid them, in being selected as the intermediaries to deposit the vote of Minnesota for Abraham Lincoln.

SALE OF SCHOOL LANDS.

The balance of the School Section at Rochester, was sold at public auction on Saturday last. The land was not of the first quality, but valuable mainly for its close proximity to town.

Four hundred and thirty-six half acres sold for \$19,321.75. One lot of 24 acres sold for \$412; another for \$401, and a third for \$375.25. A lot containing four acres brought \$980; one of five acres, \$835.75. A forty-acre tract, part bluff, and the rest from town, brought \$1020. This is probably the best sale of Real Estate's that has been made since the high price's of 1857.

The balance of the School Section near Northfield, will be sold on Friday, the 5th, at 2 p. m.

An order from the Adjutant General's office published elsewhere opens up a new field for those who wish to procure substitutes. From his order it will be seen that volunteers, having less than 60 days to serve may re-enlist in the regiments or companies to which they belong, for one, two or three years and be entitled to the usual bounty given for those respective periods.

We call the attention of the people of the different towns to the notice given elsewhere by Lt. Col. Averill in reference to the correction of their enrollment lists.

An extension of time for this purpose has been procured by Col. Averill, and the people interested in reducing their enrollment lists are now given till the 15th inst., to perform the duty which they have heretofore neglected.

A private letter from Col. Marshall informs us that a new expedition is on foot from Memphis, in which our Minnesota regiments will be engaged.

THE SAINT PAUL PRESS.

SAINT PAUL, THURSDAY, AUGUST 4, 1864.

NUMBER 180.

VOLUME IV.

THE UNION STATE CONVENTION.

The Convention assembled at Ingersoll's Hall, St. Paul, immediately after the adjournment of the State Convention on the 3d inst.

C. Stebbins, of Dakota, was elected President, and A. B. Stickney, of Washington, Secretary. The Convention then proceeded to ballot for a candidate for Judge of the First District. Mr. Grow, of Goodhue, presented the name of C. McClure, of Redwing. Mr. Reiner, of Washington, presented the name of S. R. Cornman, of Stillwater.

On the first ballot, Mr. W. W. McClure received fourteen votes, and L. S. Cornman, ten, and Mr. McClure was declared the nominee of the Convention.

Adjourned.

The State Convention and other matters occupy so much of our space and time that we are compelled to postpone our promised reference to other topics to another issue.

IMPORTANT.

Act of Ass't Prov. Man's Gen'l's Office, Salt Paul, Minn., Aug. 3, 1864.

I have authority from the Secretary of War that on and after this date, Volunteers serving in three years' organizations, and less than two years, may re-enlist in the Regiments or Companies to which they belong, for one, two or three years, as they may be entitled in each case.

One Two, and Three Hundred Dollars will be paid, in all other Battalions, and the re-enlisted man can select the Sub-District to which he may desire to be credited.

(Signed) JNO. T. AVERILL,

1st, Col. Sup'r Vol. Rec. Serv., & C. M. Mast & Dish'g Officer of Minnesota.

Dr. George Watson, of Winona, moved that Thomas Simpson of Winona, be elected temporary Chairman; which motion prevailed.

Geo. Watson, of Freeborn, nominated Judge E. B. Ames, of Hennepin, for temporary Secretary. He was reelected as temporary organization.

GEO. WATSON.

J. B. Downer, of Wabashaw, moved that a Committee of one from each Judicial District be appointed to examine and report on credentials of members claiming seats in this Convention, which was carried. The Chair appointed the following gentlemen as such Committee:

J. B. Downer, of the Third Judicial District.

C. G. Ripley, of Fillmore.

James Smith, "First" "C.

C. J. Baldwin, "Second" "S.

M. C. Shand, "Third" "T."

COMMITTEE ON PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

Dr. George Watson, of Freeborn, moved that a committee of one from each Judicial District be appointed on permanent organization, which motion prevailed, and the Chair mentioned the following gentlemen as such committee:

George Watson, of the Fifth Judicial District.

W. H. Yale, of Winona.

R. H. Baldwin, of the Fourth

J. H. Reiner, of the Second

J. N. Hall, of the First.

EXCUSES.

A motion to adjourn until 2 o'clock was rejected.

W. L. Wilson, of Ramsey, then moved that the Convention take a recess until 12 o'clock, which prevailed.

At 12 o'clock, the Convention was again called to order.

C. G. Ripley, of Fillmore, moved that a Committee of one from each Judicial District be appointed to report resolutions to be adopted by the Convention, which motion prevailed.

Mr. W. H. Yale, of Winona, moved that a Committee of one from each Judicial District, be appointed to select an Executive Committee for the ensuing year, which prevailed.

JUDGE MCMILLAN NOMINATED.

Before the Chair named the Committee, the Convention voted to take a recess to two o'clock p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention was called to order again at 2 o'clock.

LIST OF DELEGATES.

The Committee on Credentials submitted their report, showing that the following gentlemen were entitled to seats in the Convention:

Anoka—F. A. Lane, Alfred Foster.

Blue Earth—J. N. Hall, B. F. Smith, O. G.

Carver—J. W. Averill, John Reiner.

Chisago—J. C. Coe, L. C. Stebbins.

Clay—J. Delameter, Chris Ackerman.

Dakota—H. L. Lange, C. Stebbins, F. M. Crosby, Irving Todd, N. N. Thompson, M. C. Shand.

Faribault—John Reiner, C. E. Kerkhoven.

Freeborn—John Reiner, C. E. Kerkhoven.

Goodhue—Martin S. Chamberlain, Robert Downer, George W. Murdoch, W. H. Wilson, James Murphy, San Francisco, James Ryan, Hollywood, Carver, Andrew M. Bent, Andrew M. Bent, John Reiner, Charles Blunt, Zimbo, Wabashaw, Isidore Vissimeder, Bentor, Carver, physician, Anton Alker, Bentor, Carver, Herman.

Leigh—John Reiner, Bentor, Carver.

Lincoln—John Reiner, Bentor, Carver.

Marshall—John Reiner, Bentor, Carver.

McLeod—John Reiner, Bentor, Carver.

Mower—John Reiner, Bentor, Carver.

McPherson—John Reiner, Bentor, Carver.

Mille Lacs—John Reiner, Bentor, Carver.

Mower—John Reiner, Bentor, Carver.

McPherson—John Reiner, Bentor, Carver.

